

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2010

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 1-32414

W&T OFFSHORE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas
(State of incorporation)

72-1121985
(IRS Employer
Identification Number)

Nine Greenway Plaza, Suite 300
Houston, Texas
(Address of principal executive offices)

77046-0908
(Zip Code)

(713) 626-8525
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company. Yes No

As of November 5, 2010, there were 74,627,502 shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.00001.

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W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
	(In thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)	
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 180,511	\$ 38,187
Receivables:		
Oil and natural gas sales	51,348	54,978
Joint interest and other	21,770	51,312
Insurance	11,482	30,543
Income taxes	1,305	85,457
Total receivables	85,905	222,290
Prepaid expenses and other assets	31,337	28,777
Total current assets	297,753	289,254
Property and equipment – at cost:		
Oil and natural gas properties and equipment (full cost method, of which \$65,950 at September 30, 2010 and \$77,301 at December 31, 2009 were excluded from amortization)	5,027,907	4,732,696
Furniture, fixtures and other	15,485	15,080
Total property and equipment	5,043,392	4,747,776
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	3,954,851	3,752,980
Net property and equipment	1,088,541	994,796
Restricted deposits for asset retirement obligations	30,633	30,614
Deferred income taxes	—	5,117
Other assets	6,476	7,052
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,423,403</u>	<u>\$ 1,326,833</u>
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 75,854	\$ 115,683
Undistributed oil and natural gas proceeds	24,410	32,216
Asset retirement obligations	95,970	117,421
Accrued liabilities	22,314	13,509
Deferred income taxes	3,542	5,117
Total current liabilities	222,090	283,946
Long-term debt	450,000	450,000
Asset retirement obligations, less current portion	279,117	231,379
Other liabilities	19,759	2,558
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.00001 par value; 118,330,000 shares authorized; 77,507,618 issued and 74,638,445 outstanding at September 30, 2010; 77,579,968 issued and 74,710,795 outstanding at December 31, 2009	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	376,626	373,050
Retained earnings	99,977	10,066
Treasury stock, at cost	(24,167)	(24,167)
Total shareholders' equity	452,437	358,950
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	<u>\$ 1,423,403</u>	<u>\$ 1,326,833</u>

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	(In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)			
Revenues	\$169,575	\$167,042	\$518,827	\$ 434,896
Operating costs and expenses:				
Lease operating expenses	34,371	53,820	122,194	158,131
Production taxes	276	174	788	1,464
Gathering and transportation	4,607	4,050	12,920	10,400
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	69,051	80,139	201,870	235,442
Asset retirement obligation accretion	6,264	7,934	18,676	28,761
Impairment of oil and natural gas properties	—	—	—	218,871
General and administrative expenses	13,389	9,758	38,143	31,925
Derivative loss (gain)	4,770	3,845	(8,500)	4,697
Total costs and expenses	<u>132,728</u>	<u>159,720</u>	<u>386,091</u>	<u>689,691</u>
Operating income (loss)	36,847	7,322	132,736	(254,795)
Interest expense:				
Incurred	10,485	11,096	32,319	35,345
Capitalized	(1,345)	(1,874)	(4,090)	(5,378)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	—	—	2,926
Other income	150	39	632	762
Income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit)	27,857	(1,861)	105,139	(286,926)
Income tax expense (benefit)	669	(539)	7,766	(35,052)
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ 27,188</u>	<u>\$ (1,322)</u>	<u>\$ 97,373</u>	<u>\$ (251,874)</u>
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 0.36	\$ (0.02)	\$ 1.30	\$ (3.35)
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.09

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	<u>Common Stock Outstanding</u>		<u>Additional Paid-In Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u> (In thousands) (Unaudited)	<u>Treasury Stock</u>		<u>Total Shareholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Value</u>			<u>Shares</u>	<u>Value</u>	
Balances at December 31, 2009	74,711	\$ 1	\$373,050	\$10,066	2,869	\$(24,167)	\$ 358,950
Cash dividends	—	—	—	(7,462)	—	—	(7,462)
Share-based compensation	—	—	3,576	—	—	—	3,576
Restricted stock issued, net of forfeitures	(73)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net income	—	—	—	97,373	—	—	97,373
Balances at September 30, 2010	<u>74,638</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$376,626</u>	<u>\$99,977</u>	<u>2,869</u>	<u>\$(24,167)</u>	<u>\$ 452,437</u>

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 2009	
	(In thousands) (Unaudited)	
Operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 97,373	\$(251,874)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, depletion, amortization and accretion	220,546	267,303
Impairment of oil and natural gas properties	—	218,871
Amortization of debt issuance costs and discount on indebtedness	1,004	1,503
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	2,817
Share-based compensation related to restricted stock issuances	3,576	4,835
Derivative (gain) loss	(8,500)	4,697
Cash payments on derivative settlements	(410)	(4,603)
Deferred income taxes (benefit)	6,483	(142)
Other	—	610
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Oil and natural gas receivables	3,630	(18,904)
Joint interest and other receivables	29,542	28,609
Insurance receivables	36,763	9,637
Income taxes	84,152	(17,355)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,464)	(12,271)
Asset retirement obligations	(62,620)	(75,397)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(30,148)	(66,328)
Other liabilities	12,950	(137)
Net cash provided by operating activities	392,877	91,871
Investing activities:		
Acquisition of property interests	(116,589)	—
Investment in oil and natural gas properties and equipment	(127,427)	(275,965)
Proceeds from sales of oil and natural gas properties and equipment	1,335	8,368
Proceeds from insurance	—	5,174
Purchases of furniture, fixtures and other	(405)	(649)
Net cash used in investing activities	(243,086)	(263,072)
Financing activities:		
Borrowings of long-term debt	427,500	205,441
Repayments of long-term debt	(427,500)	(268,441)
Dividends to shareholders	(7,467)	(6,872)
Repurchases of common stock	—	(9,247)
Other	—	114
Net cash used in financing activities	(7,467)	(79,005)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	142,324	(250,206)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	38,187	357,552
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 180,511	\$ 107,346

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

Operations. W&T Offshore, Inc. and subsidiaries, referred to herein as “W&T” or the “Company,” is an independent oil and natural gas producer, active in the acquisition, exploitation, exploration and development of oil and natural gas properties primarily in the Gulf of Mexico.

Interim Financial Statements. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) for interim financial information and the appropriate rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Accordingly, the condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnote disclosures required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

The accompanying financial statements included adjustments related to prior years that were not deemed material with respect to such prior years or the anticipated results or the trend of earnings for fiscal year 2010. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, a reduction of hurricane remediation, facilities and workover expenses was recorded, totaling approximately \$5.1 million related to prior years. The amounts were recorded in the first quarter of 2010.

Operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Reclassifications. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods’ financial statements to conform to the current presentation.

Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Ceiling Test. The carrying amount of our oil and natural gas properties was written down by \$218.9 million as of March 31, 2009 through application of the full cost ceiling limitation as prescribed by the SEC, primarily as a result of lower natural gas prices at March 31, 2009 as compared to December 31, 2008. The previously reported amount of \$205.0 million was subsequently increased by \$13.9 million in the fourth quarter of 2009 as a result of further analysis of our March 31, 2009 ceiling test calculation. As such, operating income, net income and our basic and diluted loss per common share for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 have been adjusted as well. We did not have a ceiling test write-down during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Effective for our annual reporting period ended December 31, 2009, we adopted certain amendments to the *Extractive Activities—Oil and Gas* Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (the “Codification”) that updated and aligned the FASB’s reserve estimation and disclosure requirements for oil and natural gas companies with the reserve estimation and disclosure requirements that were adopted by the SEC in December 2008. In accordance with the new rules, we use the unweighted average of first-day-of-the-month commodity prices over the preceding 12-month period, rather than end-of-period commodity prices, when estimating quantities of proved reserves. Additionally, the estimated future net revenues used to calculate the ceiling test are based on the 12-month average commodity price for each product. Refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 for additional information about the impact of these new requirements on our oil and natural gas reserves and financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued certain amendments to the *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* topic of the Codification. These amendments added new requirements for fair value disclosures about transfers into and out of Levels 1 and 2 and separate disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements relating to Level 3 measurements. The amendments also clarified existing requirements regarding the level of disaggregation as well as inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The amendments were adopted in our first quarter ended March 31, 2010, except for the requirement to provide Level 3 activity on a gross basis, which will be effective for our first quarter ended March 31, 2011. The amendments change disclosure requirements and not accounting practices; therefore, the adoption of these amendments did not have, nor is it expected to have, any impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In July 2010, the FASB issued certain amendments to the *Receivables* topic of the Codification. These amendments expanded disclosure requirements with respect to the credit quality of financing receivables and the related allowance for credit losses. Entities are required to disaggregate by portfolio segment or class certain existing disclosures and provide certain new disclosures about their financing receivables and related allowance for credit losses. Trade receivables with maturities of one year or less are excluded from the disclosure requirements. The amendments are effective for our fiscal year ending December 31, 2010. The amendments only change disclosure requirements and not accounting practices; therefore, the adoption of these amendment is not expected to have any impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

3. Asset Retirement Obligations

Our asset retirement obligations primarily represent the estimated present value of the amount we will incur to plug, abandon and remediate our producing properties at the end of their productive lives in accordance with applicable laws. A summary of our asset retirement obligations is as follows (in thousands):

Balance, December 31, 2009	\$348,800
Liabilities settled	(62,620)
Accretion of discount	18,676
Disposition of properties	(2,070)
Liabilities assumed through acquisition	6,521
Liabilities incurred	442
Revisions of estimated liabilities due to Hurricane Ike	36,663
Revision of estimated liabilities due to NTL 2010-G05 (1)	18,725
Revisions of estimated liabilities – all other	9,950
Balance, September 30, 2010	375,087
Less current portion	95,970
Long-term	<u>\$279,117</u>

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

- (1) Notice to Lessees and Operators No. 2010-G05, “*Decommissioning Guidance for Wells and Platforms*” issued by the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Regulation and Enforcement (the “BOEM” and formerly the Minerals Management Service) on September 15, 2010 and effective as of October 15, 2010, which will require us to decommission any wells and platforms that have not been used during the past five years for exploration or production on active leases and are no longer capable of producing in paying quantities within three years. The accelerated time frame will cause our estimated liabilities for asset retirement obligations to be incurred in earlier periods, resulting in a higher present value of such liabilities.

4. Acquisition

On April 7, 2010, we entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement (“PSA”) with Total E&P USA, Inc. (“Total”) to acquire all of Total’s interest, including production platforms and facilities, in three federal offshore lease blocks located in the Gulf of Mexico for a purchase price of \$150 million, subject to customary closing adjustments, with an effective date of January 1, 2010. The properties acquired from Total are producing interests with future development potential, and include a 100% working interest in Mississippi Canyon block 243 (“Matterhorn”) and a 64% working interest in Viosca Knoll blocks 822 and 823 (“Virgo”). The transaction closed on April 30, 2010, with our wholly-owned subsidiary, W&T Energy VI, LLC (“Energy VI”) as purchaser. The purchase price was adjusted for, among other things, net revenue and operating expenses from the effective date to the closing date, resulting in a net payment of \$116.6 million. This acquisition was funded with cash on hand. In accordance with the PSA, Energy VI obtained unsecured surety bonds in favor of the BOEM to secure the retirement obligations with respect to these assets. The PSA provides for annual increases in the required security for the asset retirement obligations. To help satisfy the annual increases, Energy VI has agreed to make periodic payments from production of the acquired properties to an escrow agent. As long as the required security amount then in effect is met, the payments will be promptly released to us by the escrow agent. As of September 30, 2010, we were in compliance with the required security amount.

5. Long-Term Debt

At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the balance outstanding under our 8.25% Senior Notes (the “Notes”) was \$450.0 million and was classified as long-term. The Notes bear interest at a fixed rate of 8.25%, with interest payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15. At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the estimated fair value of the Notes was approximately \$429.8 million and \$432.0 million, respectively. The estimated annual effective interest rate on the Notes is 8.4%. For additional details about fair value measurements, refer to Note 6.

The Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, as amended, (the “Credit Agreement”) governs our revolving loan facility. Borrowings under our revolving loan facility are secured by our oil and natural gas properties. Availability under such facility is subject to a semi-annual redetermination (March and September) of our borrowing base, calculated by our lenders based on their evaluation of our proved reserves and their own internal criteria. In November 2010, our borrowing base was reaffirmed by our lenders at \$405.5 million. At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, we had no amounts outstanding under the revolving loan facility and we had \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, of letters of credit outstanding.

Under the Credit Agreement, we are subject to various financial covenants calculated as of the last day of each fiscal quarter, including a minimum current ratio and a maximum leverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement. We were in compliance with all applicable covenants of the Credit Agreement as of September 30, 2010.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

6. Fair Value Measurements

We measure the fair value of our derivative financial instruments by applying the income approach, using models with inputs that are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. The inputs used in measuring the fair value of our derivative financial instruments consist of market-based or independently-sourced market parameters, including but not limited to forward curves for oil and natural gas, and volatilities. In addition to market information, the models also incorporate the contractual terms of the instruments. The fair value of our derivative assets and liabilities, including adjustments for credit risk, were \$1.7 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, at September 30, 2010, and \$0.1 million and \$9.9 million, respectively, at December 31, 2009. For additional details about our derivative financial instruments, refer to Note 7.

The estimated fair value of the Notes, as disclosed in Note 5, was based on quoted prices and the inputs are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

7. Derivative Financial Instruments

We account for derivative contracts in accordance with the *Derivatives and Hedging* Topic of the Codification, which requires each derivative to be recorded on the balance sheet as an asset or a liability at its fair value. Changes in a derivative's fair value are required to be recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met at the time we enter into a derivative contract.

Our market risk exposure relates primarily to commodity prices and interest rates. From time to time, we use various derivative instruments to manage our exposure to commodity price risk from sales of oil and natural gas and interest rate risk from floating interest rates on our revolving loan facility. We do not enter into derivative instruments for speculative trading purposes. Our derivative instruments currently consist of commodity option contracts and a commodity swap contract. The Company is exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties; however, we do not currently anticipate any of our counterparties being unable to fulfill their contractual obligations.

Commodity Derivative: We have entered into a limited number of commodity option contracts and a commodity swap contract to help manage our exposure to commodity price risk from sales of oil and natural gas during the fiscal years ending December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012. We have elected not to designate our commodity derivatives as hedging instruments. While these contracts are intended to reduce the effects of volatile oil and natural gas prices, they may also limit future income from favorable price movements. As of September 30, 2010, our open commodity derivatives were as follows:

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

Zero Cost Collars – Oil					
Effective Date	Termination Date	Notional Quantity (Bbls)	Weighted Average NYMEX Contract Price		Fair Value Liability (in thousands)
			Floor	Ceiling	
10/1/2010	12/31/2010	634,950	\$ 72.98	\$ 87.56	\$ 352
1/1/2011	3/31/2011	668,200	75.00	92.96	71
4/1/2011	6/30/2011	618,700	75.00	92.80	452
7/1/2011	9/30/2011	231,900	75.00	93.02	255
10/1/2011	12/31/2011	392,100	75.00	95.58	428
1/1/2012	3/31/2012	182,000	75.00	96.25	229
4/1/2012	6/30/2012	182,000	75.00	96.25	290
7/1/2012	9/30/2012	62,000	75.00	96.25	110
10/1/2012	12/31/2012	165,600	75.00	98.00	267
		3,137,450	\$ 74.59	\$ 92.88	\$ 2,454

Zero Cost Collars – Natural Gas					
Effective Date	Termination Date	Notional Quantity (MMBtu)	Weighted Average NYMEX Contract Price		Fair Value Asset (in thousands)
			Floor	Ceiling	
11/1/2010	12/31/2010	1,475,300	\$ 5.00	\$ 8.48	\$ 1,430

Swap – Natural Gas					
Effective Date	Termination Date	Notional Quantity (MMBtu)	Swap Price		Fair Value Asset (in thousands)
			Floor	Ceiling	
11/1/2010	12/31/2010	122,000	\$5.71		\$ 182

Changes in the fair value of our commodity derivative contracts are recognized currently in earnings. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, we recognized a loss of \$4.8 million and a gain of \$8.8 million, respectively, related to a change in the fair value of our commodity derivatives. During the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2009, we recognized a loss of \$3.3 million related to a change in the fair value of our commodity derivatives.

At September 30, 2010, \$1.7 million was included in prepaid expenses and other assets, \$1.2 million was included in accrued liabilities, and \$1.3 million was included in other long-term liabilities related to our open commodity derivative contracts. At December 31, 2009, \$0.1 million was included in prepaid expenses and other assets and \$5.5 million was included in accrued liabilities related to our open commodity derivative contracts.

Interest Rate Swap: Our interest rate swap contract with a fixed interest rate of 5.21% expired in August 2010. Initially, this swap was designated as a hedge of the floating-rate interest payments on our Tranche B term loan facility. However, as a result of payments on the term loan and changes to the swap contract, hedge accounting was discontinued completely in 2007. Changes in fair value subsequent to the discontinuation of hedge accounting were immediately recognized in earnings.

For the three months ended September 30, 2010, no gain or loss was recognized related to a change in the fair value of our interest rate swap. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, we recognized a loss of \$0.3 million. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, we recognized a loss of \$0.6 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, related to a change in the fair value of our interest rate swap.

At December 31, 2009, the fair value of our interest rate swap was \$4.4 million, which was included in accrued liabilities.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

8. Income Taxes

Income tax expense of \$0.7 million and \$7.8 million was recorded during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, respectively, compared to an income tax benefit of \$0.5 million and \$35.1 million for the same periods of 2009. Our effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 was approximately 2.4% and 7.4%, respectively, and primarily reflects a reduction in our valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets. Forecasted taxable income in 2010 has allowed us to reduce a portion of our valuation allowance. Our effective tax rate for the quarter ended September 30, 2009 was approximately 29.0% and primarily reflected adjustments for prior year taxes and other discrete items. Our effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was approximately 12.2% and primarily reflected the effect of a valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets.

Inclusive of interest, the amount of unrecognized tax benefit recorded in other liabilities was \$12.9 million as of September 30, 2010.

We recognize interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, we recognized \$0.1 million (net of tax), in income tax expense for interest related to our unrecognized tax benefit. We did not have any unrecognized tax benefits during the year ended December 31, 2009. The tax years from 2006 through 2009 remain open to examination by the tax jurisdictions to which we are subject.

9. Hurricane Remediation and Insurance Claims

During the third quarter of 2008, Hurricane Ike, and to a much lesser extent Hurricane Gustav, caused property damage and disruptions to our exploration and production activities. We currently have insurance coverage for named windstorms but we do not carry business interruption insurance. Our insurance policies in effect on the occurrence dates of Hurricanes Ike and Gustav had a retention requirement of \$10 million per occurrence to be satisfied by us before we could be indemnified for losses. In the fourth quarter of 2008, we satisfied our \$10 million retention requirement for Hurricane Ike in connection with two platforms that were toppled and were deemed total losses. Our insurance coverage policy limits at the time of Hurricane Ike were \$150 million for property damage due to named windstorms (excluding certain damage incurred at our marginal facilities) and \$250 million for, among other things, removal of wreckage if mandated by any governmental authority. The damage we incurred as a result of Hurricane Gustav was well below our retention amount.

Included in lease operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2010 is a net reduction of \$7.1 million of costs related to Hurricanes Ike and Gustav, which reflect receipts from our insurance carrier for previously filed claims and that are in excess of current expenditures. Included in lease operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 is a net reduction of \$11.3 million of costs related to receipts from our insurance carrier for previously filed claims and that are in excess of current expenditures and include reductions to previous estimates (see Note 1 *Basis of Presentation – Interim Financial Statements*) of hurricane remediation costs. Included in lease operating expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 are hurricane remediation costs that exceeded insurance claims by \$4.0 million and \$19.3 million, respectively, related to Hurricanes Ike and Gustav.

We recognize insurance receivables with respect to capital, repair and plugging and abandonment costs as a result of hurricane damage when we deem those to be probable of collection. Our assessment of probability considers the review and approval of such costs by our insurance underwriters' adjuster. Claims that have been processed in this manner have customarily been paid on a timely basis.

We have also recognized in the past an insurance receivable to the extent our insurance underwriters' adjuster has reviewed our work plans and other information related to plugging and abandonment activities that were accelerated by Hurricane Ike and has indicated that our insurance policies provide coverage for such costs and such costs are within policy limits.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

Below is a reconciliation of our insurance receivables from December 31, 2009 to September 30, 2010 (in thousands):

Balance, December 31, 2009	\$ 30,543
Costs approved under our insurance policies:	
Remediation	9,879
Plugging and abandonment	17,969
Payments received:	
Remediation	(4,957)
Plugging and abandonment	(41,952)
Balance, September 30, 2010	<u>\$ 11,482</u>

At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, \$6.2 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, of remediation costs and \$5.3 million and \$29.2 million, respectively, related to the plugging and abandonment of wells and dismantlement of facilities damaged by Hurricanes Ike are included in insurance receivables. We expect that our available cash and cash equivalents, cash flow from operations and the availability under our revolving loan facility will be sufficient to meet any necessary expenditures that may exceed our insurance coverage for damages incurred as a result of Hurricanes Ike and Gustav.

10. Share-Based Compensation and Cash-Based Incentive Compensation

We recognize compensation cost for share-based payments to employees and non-employee directors over the period during which the recipient is required to provide service in exchange for the award, based on the fair value of the equity instrument on the date of grant.

In 2010, the W&T Offshore, Inc. Amended and Restated Incentive Compensation Plan, (“the Plan”) was approved. As allowed by the Plan, in August 2010, the Company granted restricted stock units (“RSUs”) to certain of its employees and currently intends to use RSUs in the future. Prior to 2010, the Company granted restricted stock to its employees. In 2010 and in prior years, restricted stock was granted to the Company’s non-employee directors under the Director Compensation Plan. In addition to share-based compensation, in August 2010, the Company granted its employees cash incentive awards.

At September 30, 2010, there were 1,967,715 shares of common stock available for award under the Plan and 583,891 shares of common stock available for award under the Directors Compensation Plan.

Restricted Stock: In 2008 and 2009, the Company issued to its employees restricted shares in connection with its share-based payment plans. In 2010, restricted shares were issued to the Company’s non-employee directors. Restricted shares are subject to forfeiture until vested and cannot be sold, transferred or disposed of during the restricted period. The holders of restricted shares generally have the same rights as a shareholder of the Company with respect to such shares, including the right to vote and receive dividends or other distributions paid with respect to the shares.

A summary of share activity related to restricted stock for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, is as follows:

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

	Restricted Stock	
	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
Outstanding restricted shares, December 31, 2009	1,050,506	\$ 8.48
Granted	35,000	10.00
Vested	(14,424)	17.81
Forfeited	(107,350)	8.27
Outstanding restricted shares, September 30, 2010	<u>963,732</u>	8.42

At September 30, 2010, the composition of our restricted stock awards outstanding, by year granted, was as follows:

	Shares
Employees – granted in:	
2009	855,477 (1)
2008	49,522 (2)
Non-employee directors – granted in:	
2010	35,000 (3)
2009	21,545 (4)
2008	<u>2,188 (5)</u>
Total	<u>963,732</u>

Vesting is expected to occur as follows, less any forfeitures:

- (1) Equal installments in December 2010 and 2011.
- (2) December 2010.
- (3) Equal installments in May 2011, 2012 and 2013.
- (4) Equal installments in May 2011 and 2012.
- (5) May 2011.

Restricted Stock Units: As defined by the Plan, RSUs are rights to receive stock, cash or a combination thereof at the end of a specified vesting period, subject to certain terms and conditions as determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. In 2010, the Company awarded RSUs to certain employees that are 100% contingent upon meeting a specified performance requirement. That performance requirement is to meet or exceed an earnings per share target for the year 2010. If the performance is met, vesting occurs upon completion of the specified vesting period. RSUs will earn dividends effective January 2011 at the same rate as our common stock. RSUs are subject to forfeiture until vested and cannot be sold, transferred or disposed of during the restricted period.

A summary of share activity related to RSUs for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, is as follows:

	Restricted Stock Units	
	Units (1)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Unit
Outstanding RSUs, December 31, 2009	—	\$ —
Granted	1,280,501	9.36
Vested	—	—
Forfeited	(6,795)	9.36
Outstanding RSUs, September 30, 2010	<u>1,273,706</u>	9.36

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

- (1) Units are subject to performance requirements determined upon completion of calendar year 2010 and approval by the Compensation Committee. Through the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the Company's performance has met or exceeded the criteria for awarding 100% of the amounts granted; therefore, the maximum amount of the awards is reported in the above table.

All of the RSUs granted in 2010 will vest in December 2012 subject to employment conditions.

The weighted average grant date fair value of restricted stock granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$0.4 million and \$10.9 million, respectively, and the weighted average grant date fair value of restricted stock units granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$12.0 million. The weighted average fair value of the restricted stock that vested during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, based on the closing prices on the dates of vesting.

A summary of incentive compensation expense under share-based payment arrangements and the related tax benefit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Share-based compensation expense from:				
Restricted stock	\$ 807	\$ 1,719	\$2,750	\$6,184
Restricted stock units	826	—	826	—
Total	<u>\$ 1,633</u>	<u>\$ 1,719</u>	<u>\$3,576</u>	<u>\$6,184</u>
Share-based compensation tax benefit:				
Tax benefit computed at the statutory rate	<u>\$ 572</u>	<u>\$ 602</u>	<u>\$1,252</u>	<u>\$2,164</u>

Cash-based Incentive Compensation: As defined by the Plan, performance and annual incentive awards may be granted to eligible employees. These awards are performance-based awards consisting of one or more business criteria or individual performance criteria and a targeted level or levels of performance with respect to each of such criteria. Generally, the performance period is the calendar year and determination and payment is made in cash in the first quarter of the following year.

A summary of incentive compensation expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Share-based compensation expense included in:				
Lease operating expense	\$ 171	\$ 367	\$ 599	\$1,912
General and administrative	1,462	1,352	2,977	4,272
Total charged to operating income (loss)	<u>1,633</u>	<u>1,719</u>	<u>3,576</u>	<u>6,184</u>
Cash-based incentive compensation included in:				
Lease operating expense	507	—	1,284	1,472
General and administrative	2,564	136	5,475	1,389
Total charged to operating income (loss)	<u>3,071</u>	<u>136</u>	<u>6,759</u>	<u>2,861</u>
Total incentive compensation charged to operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 4,704</u>	<u>\$ 1,855</u>	<u>\$10,335</u>	<u>\$9,045</u>

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

As of September 30, 2010, unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to our issued restricted shares and RSUs was \$3.1 million and \$10.7 million, respectively. The unrecognized expense related to restricted shares was decreased by \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 due to a change in the estimated forfeiture rate based upon historical experience. Unrecognized compensation expense will be recognized through April 2013 for restricted shares and November 2012 for RSUs.

11. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The following table presents the calculation of basic earnings (loss) per common share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net income (loss)	\$27,188	\$ (1,322)	\$97,373	\$(251,874)
Less portion allocated to nonvested shares	351	—	1,304	—
Net income (loss) allocated to common shares	<u>\$26,837</u>	<u>\$ (1,322)</u>	<u>\$96,069</u>	<u>\$(251,874)</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding	<u>73,675</u>	<u>74,659</u>	<u>73,668</u>	<u>75,089</u>
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 0.36	\$ (0.02)	\$ 1.30	\$ (3.35)
Shares excluded due to being anti-dilutive (weighted-average)	1,787	1,724	1,310	1,274

12. Dividends

During the first three quarters of 2010, we paid regular cash dividends of \$0.03, \$0.03, and \$0.04 per common share per quarter, respectively. During the first three quarters of 2009, we paid regular cash dividends of \$0.03 per common share per quarter. On November 1, 2010, our board of directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.04 per common share, payable on December 8, 2010 to shareholders of record on November 17, 2010.

13. Contingencies

In the third quarter of 2009, the Company recognized \$5.3 million in allowable reductions of cash payments for royalties owed to the BOEM for transportation of their deepwater production through our subsea pipeline systems. In 2010, BOEM audited the calculations and support related to this usage fee, and in the third quarter, we were notified that BOEM had disallowed approximately \$4.7 million of the reductions taken. We recorded a reduction to other revenue of \$4.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 to reflect this disallowance; however, we disagree with the position taken by BOEM and plan to pursue our claim, including taking legal action, if necessary, to resolve the matter.

We are a party to various pending or threatened claims and complaints seeking damages or other remedies concerning our commercial operations and other matters in the ordinary course of our business. In addition, claims or contingencies may arise related to matters occurring prior to our acquisition of properties or related to matters occurring subsequent to our sale of properties. In certain cases, we have indemnified the sellers of properties we have acquired, and in other cases, we have indemnified the buyers of properties we have sold. We are also subject to federal and state administrative proceedings conducted in the ordinary course of business. Although we can give no assurance about the outcome of pending legal and federal or state administrative proceedings and the effect such an outcome may have on us, management believes that any ultimate liability resulting from the outcome of such proceedings, to the extent not otherwise provided for or covered by insurance, will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

14. Subsequent Event

On November 4, 2010, the Company, through Energy VI, executed an Asset Purchase Agreement acquiring interests in five offshore producing fields located in the deepwater Gulf of Mexico from Shell Offshore Inc. for an aggregate purchase price of \$395.0 million cash and the assumption of asset retirement obligations for plugging and abandonment liability for the acquired interests. Certain non-operated interests included in the acquisition have been closed into escrow pending the exercise or waiver of an operator's preferential right of purchase. The Company also entered into a letter of intent to acquire the interests of Shell Offshore Inc. in a sixth field located in the shallow shelf waters of the Gulf of Mexico for an additional \$55.0 million cash plus assumption of related asset retirement obligations, subject to completion of due diligence and negotiation of definitive agreements. The acquisitions are being funded with cash on hand and from borrowings on our revolving loan facility.

Pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement, on November 4, 2010 we acquired (i) operated working interests in the Tahoe (70% W.I.) and Southeast Tahoe (100% W.I.) fields, located in Viosca Knoll 783 and 784 Federal lease blocks respectively, (ii) non-operated working interests in the Marlin (11.5-25% W.I.) and Dorado (25% W.I.) fields, located in the Viosca Knoll 871 and 915 Federal lease blocks and (iii) a 6.25% of 8/8ths overriding royalty interest in the Droshky oil field, located in the Green Canyon 244 Federal lease block. The acquisition of the interests in the Marlin and Dorado fields was funded in escrow for approximately 30 days pending waiver or exercise of a preferential purchase right held by the third party operator of the fields. In the event the Droshky oil field cumulatively produces over 30 million barrel equivalents from and after September 1, 2010, our overriding royalty interest will change to 5.25% of 8/8ths.

The working interest acquisitions include interests in wells, platforms, pipelines, and related contracts. Shell Offshore Inc. will provide certain transitional services in connection with the operated properties. The purchase price is subject to adjustment for an economic effective date of September 1, 2010 and other customary post-effective date adjustments. The Company estimates that it will accrue approximately \$50 million for asset retirement obligations for the interests in the six fields.

15. Supplemental Guarantor Information

Our payment obligations under the Notes and the Credit Agreement (see Note 5) are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by our wholly-owned subsidiary, Energy VI ("Guarantor Subsidiary"). The guaranty of the Credit Agreement became effective on April 30, 2010.

The following unaudited condensed consolidating financial information presents the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of W&T Offshore, Inc. and Energy VI, together with consolidating adjustments necessary to present the Company's results on a consolidated basis.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2010

	<u>Parent Company</u>	<u>Guarantor Subsidiary (1)</u>	<u>Eliminations</u>	<u>Consolidated W&T Offshore, Inc.</u>
Assets	<small>(In thousands, except share data)</small>			
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 180,511	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 180,511
Receivables:				
Oil and natural gas sales	42,037	9,311	—	51,348
Joint interest and other	21,770	—	—	21,770
Insurance	11,482	—	—	11,482
Income taxes	6,656	—	(5,351)	1,305
Total receivables	81,945	9,311	(5,351)	85,905
Prepaid expenses and other assets	31,337	—	—	31,337
Total current assets	293,793	9,311	(5,351)	297,753
Property and equipment – at cost:				
Oil and natural gas properties and equipment (full cost method, of which \$65,950 at September 30, 2010 and \$77,301 at December 31, 2009 were excluded from amortization)	4,902,356	125,551	—	5,027,907
Furniture, fixtures and other	15,485	—	—	15,485
Total property and equipment	4,917,841	125,551	—	5,043,392
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	3,939,492	15,359	—	3,954,851
Net property and equipment	978,349	110,192	—	1,088,541
Restricted deposits for asset retirement obligations	30,633	—	—	30,633
Other assets	137,145	29,448	(160,117)	6,476
Total assets	<u>\$1,439,920</u>	<u>\$ 148,951</u>	<u>\$(165,468)</u>	<u>\$1,423,403</u>
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 73,550	\$ 2,304	\$ —	\$ 75,854
Undistributed oil and natural gas proceeds	24,230	180	—	24,410
Asset retirement obligations	95,970	—	—	95,970
Accrued liabilities	22,314	—	—	22,314
Income taxes	—	5,351	(5,351)	—
Deferred income taxes	3,542	—	—	3,542
Total current liabilities	219,606	7,835	(5,351)	222,090
Long-term debt	450,000	—	—	450,000
Asset retirement obligations, less current portion	270,900	8,217	—	279,117
Other liabilities	46,977	2,230	(29,448)	19,759
Commitments and contingencies				
Shareholders' equity:				
Common stock, \$0.00001 par value; 118,330,000 shares authorized; 77,507,618 issued and 74,638,445 outstanding at September 30, 2010; 77,579,968 issued and 74,710,795 outstanding at December 31, 2009	1	—	—	1
Additional paid-in capital	376,626	116,589	(116,589)	376,626
Retained earnings	99,977	14,080	(14,080)	99,977
Treasury stock, at cost	(24,167)	—	—	(24,167)
Total shareholders' equity	452,437	130,669	(130,669)	452,437
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	<u>\$1,439,920</u>	<u>\$ 148,951</u>	<u>\$(165,468)</u>	<u>\$1,423,403</u>

(1) Began operations on May 1, 2010

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W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2010

	Parent Company	Guarantor Subsidiary (1)	Eliminations (In thousands)	Consolidated W&T Offshore, Inc.
Revenues	\$ 140,410	\$ 29,165	\$ —	\$ 169,575
Operating costs and expenses:				
Lease operating expenses	31,091	3,280	—	34,371
Production taxes	276	—	—	276
Gathering and transportation	4,225	382	—	4,607
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	59,756	9,295	—	69,051
Asset retirement obligation accretion	6,119	145	—	6,264
General and administrative expenses	13,389	—	—	13,389
Derivative loss	4,770	—	—	4,770
Total costs and expenses	119,626	13,102	—	132,728
Operating income	20,784	16,063	—	36,847
Earnings of affiliates	10,441	—	(10,441)	—
Interest expense:				
Incurred	10,485	—	—	10,485
Capitalized	(1,345)	—	—	(1,345)
Other income	150	—	—	150
Income before income tax expense	22,235	16,063	(10,441)	27,857
Income tax expense (benefit)	(4,953)	5,622	—	669
Net income	\$ 27,188	\$ 10,441	\$ (10,441)	\$ 27,188

(1) Began operations on May 1, 2010

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010

	Parent Company	Guarantor Subsidiary (1)	Eliminations (In thousands)	Consolidated W&T Offshore, Inc.
Revenues	\$ 470,506	\$ 48,321	\$ —	\$ 518,827
Operating costs and expenses:				
Lease operating expenses	113,004	9,190	—	122,194
Production taxes	788	—	—	788
Gathering and transportation	12,324	596	—	12,920
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	186,511	15,359	—	201,870
Asset retirement obligation accretion	18,435	241	—	18,676
General and administrative expenses	36,870	1,273	—	38,143
Derivative (gain)	(8,500)	—	—	(8,500)
Total costs and expenses	359,432	26,659	—	386,091
Operating income	111,074	21,662	—	132,736
Earnings of affiliates	14,080	—	(14,080)	—
Interest expense:				
Incurred	32,319	—	—	32,319
Capitalized	(4,090)	—	—	(4,090)
Other income	632	—	—	632
Income before income tax expense	97,557	21,662	(14,080)	105,139
Income tax expense	184	7,582	—	7,766
Net income	\$ 97,373	\$ 14,080	\$ (14,080)	\$ 97,373

(1) Began operations on May 1, 2010

W&T OFFSHORE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010

	Parent Company	Guarantor Subsidiary (1)	Eliminations	Consolidated W&T Offshore, Inc.
	(In thousands)			
Operating activities:				
Net income	\$ 97,373	\$ 14,080	\$ (14,080)	\$ 97,373
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation, depletion, amortization and accretion	204,946	15,600	—	220,546
Amortization of debt issuance costs and discount on indebtedness	1,004	—	—	1,004
Share-based compensation related to restricted stock issuances	3,576	—	—	3,576
Derivative gain	(8,500)	—	—	(8,500)
Cash payments on derivative settlements	(410)	—	—	(410)
Deferred income taxes	4,253	2,230	—	6,483
Earnings of affiliates	(14,080)	—	14,080	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Oil and natural gas receivables	12,941	(9,311)	—	3,630
Joint interest and other receivables	29,542	—	—	29,542
Insurance receivables	36,763	—	—	36,763
Income taxes	78,801	5,351	—	84,152
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,464)	(29,448)	29,448	(1,464)
Asset retirement obligations	(62,620)	—	—	(62,620)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(32,632)	2,484	—	(30,148)
Other liabilities	42,398	—	(29,448)	12,950
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>391,891</u>	<u>986</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>392,877</u>
Investing activities:				
Acquisition of property interests	—	(116,589)	—	(116,589)
Investment in oil and natural gas properties and equipment	(126,441)	(986)	—	(127,427)
Proceeds from sales of oil and natural gas properties and equipment	1,335	—	—	1,335
Investment in subsidiary	(116,589)	—	116,589	—
Purchases of furniture, fixtures and other	(405)	—	—	(405)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(242,100)</u>	<u>(117,575)</u>	<u>116,589</u>	<u>(243,086)</u>
Financing activities:				
Borrowings of long-term debt	427,500	—	—	427,500
Repayments of long-term debt	(427,500)	—	—	(427,500)
Dividends to shareholders	(7,467)	—	—	(7,467)
Investment from parent	—	116,589	(116,589)	—
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>(7,467)</u>	<u>116,589</u>	<u>(116,589)</u>	<u>(7,467)</u>
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	142,324	—	—	142,324
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	38,187	—	—	38,187
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 180,511</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 180,511</u>

(1) Began operations on May 1, 2010

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes to those financial statements included in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Exchange Act, that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. If the risks or uncertainties materialize or the assumptions prove incorrect, our results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and assumptions. All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be deemed forward-looking statements, such as those statements that address activities, events or developments that we expect, believe or anticipate will or may occur in the future. These statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors we believe are appropriate in the circumstances. Certain factors that may affect our financial condition and results of operations are discussed in Item 1A "Risk Factors" and Item 7A "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 and may be discussed or updated from time to time in subsequent reports filed with the SEC. We assume no obligation, nor do we intend, to update these forward-looking statements. Unless the context requires otherwise, references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to "W&T," "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to W&T Offshore, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Overview

W&T is an independent oil and natural gas producer focused primarily in the Gulf of Mexico. W&T has grown through acquisitions, exploitation and exploration and currently holds working interests in approximately 72 producing or capable of producing fields in federal and state waters. The majority of our daily production is derived from offshore wells we operate.

Our financial condition, cash flow and results of operations are significantly affected by the volume of our oil and natural gas production and the price that we receive for such production. Our production volume for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was comprised of approximately 49% oil and 51% natural gas, determined using the ratio of six thousand cubic feet ("Mcf") of natural gas to one barrel ("Bbl") of crude oil, condensate or natural gas liquids. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, our combined total production of oil and natural gas was approximately 10.4% lower than during the same period in 2009.

The Henry Hub spot price for natural gas was \$3.85 per MMBtu as of September 30, 2010, representing a decrease of 33.5% from \$5.79 per MMBtu at the end of 2009. We are expecting continued weakness in natural gas prices unless demand for natural gas increases as a result of a strong economic recovery, drilling activity subsides dramatically or forced production shut-ins occur. There is also a risk that, as a result of successful exploration and development activities in the shale areas coupled with the availability of increasing amounts of liquefied natural gas, increased supplies of natural gas will offset or mitigate the impact of any natural gas shut-ins or demand increases resulting from improved economic conditions. According to industry sources, the rig count for horizontal drilling rigs, used primarily in the shale formation areas of Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas, has reached or exceeded record levels. Natural gas production and supply continues to exceed demand. Onshore natural gas producers have continued to drill in attempts to yield production sufficient to preserve existing leases, while such production is hedged at prices significantly higher than current levels, allowing funding of projects that continue to increase supply to an already oversupplied market. Seasonal weather conditions also impact the demand for and price of natural gas.

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The West Texas Intermediate posted price for oil was \$76.50 per barrel as of September 30, 2010, representing an increase of 0.7% from \$76.00 per barrel at the end of 2009. Long-term forecasts for oil demand, and therefore global oil prices, continue to be favorable in several key growing markets, specifically China and India.

Although the price for natural gas was lower and the price for oil was basically flat at September 30, 2010 compared to December 31, 2009, average prices for both the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2010 were much higher than the comparable period in 2009. During the first half of 2009, prices and the economy continued to be affected by the financial crisis and economic recession that affected much of the world and even continue today in parts of the world. However, oil prices recovered through out much of 2009 and have continued to be strong thus far in 2010. Natural gas prices are much more affected by domestic issues, such as supply, local demand issues, and domestic economic conditions.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, the average realized sales prices of our oil and natural gas were 37.2% and 19.3% higher, respectively, than the comparable average realized sales prices during the same period in 2009, which contributed to higher cash provided by operating activities in the 2010 period. Declines in oil and natural gas prices after September 30, 2010, if those were to occur, would negatively impact our future oil and natural gas revenues, earnings and liquidity, and could result in ceiling test write-downs of the carrying value of our oil and natural gas properties, issues with financial ratio compliance, and a reduction of the borrowing base associated with our credit agreement. Such declines, if those were to occur, may limit the willingness of financial institutions and investors to provide borrowings or capital to us and others in the oil and natural gas industry.

In April 2010, there was a fire and explosion aboard the Deepwater Horizon drilling platform operated by BP in ultra deep water in the Gulf of Mexico. As a result of the explosion, ensuing fire and apparent failure of the blowout preventers, the rig sank and created a catastrophic oil spill that produced widespread economic, environmental and natural resource damage in the Gulf Coast region. In response to the explosion and spill, the BOEM of the U.S. Department of the Interior issued a "Notice to Lessees", or "NTL", on May 30, 2010, and a revised notice on July 12, 2010, implementing a moratorium on deepwater drilling activities that effectively halted deepwater drilling of wells using subsea blowout preventers ("BOPs") or surface BOPs on a floating facility. While the moratorium was in place, the BOEM issued a series of NTLs and adopted changes to its regulations to impose a variety of new measures intended to help prevent a similar disaster in the future. The moratorium was lifted on October 12, 2010, but offshore operators must now comply with strict new safety and operating requirements. For example, before being allowed to resume drilling in deepwater, outer continental shelf operators must certify compliance with all applicable operating regulations found in 30 C.F.R. Part 250, including those rules recently placed into effect, such as rules relating to well casing and cementing, BOPs, safety certification, emergency response, and worker training. Operators also must demonstrate the availability of adequate spill response and blowout containment resources. Notwithstanding the lifting of the moratorium, we anticipate that there will continue to be delays in the resumption of drilling-related activities, including delays in the issuance of drilling permits, as these various regulatory initiatives are fully implemented. We do not expect the additional safety requirements set forth by these NTLs to have a significant impact on our operations. However, we cannot predict the ultimate impact the Deepwater Horizon incident and resulting changes in regulations and perceptions of offshore oil and natural gas operations will have on us.

The spill moratorium also has caused drilling rig operators to move or contemplate moving their rigs to locations outside of the Gulf of Mexico. If and when we require the use of a deepwater drilling rig, the potentially reduced inventory of such rigs and the new permitting process could cause delays in timing and result in additional costs. As a result, we may experience delays in drilling, completion and ultimately, production activities, which would negatively impact our financial position, cash flows and results of operations.

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In addition, the BOEM recently issued a NTL dated to be effective October 15, 2010 that establishes a more stringent regimen for the timely decommissioning of what is known as “idle iron” – wells, platforms and pipelines that are no longer producing or serving exploration or support functions related to an operator’s lease – in the Gulf of Mexico. The recently issued NTL sets forth more stringent standards for decommissioning timing requirements by applying the requirement that any well that has not been used during the past five years for exploration or production on active leases and is no longer capable of producing in paying quantities must be permanently plugged or temporarily abandoned within three years. Plugging or abandonment of wells may be delayed by two years if all of the well’s hydrocarbon and sulphur zones are appropriately isolated. Similarly, platforms or other facilities that are no longer useful for operations must be removed within five years of the cessation of operations. The triggering of these plugging, abandonment and removal activities under what may be viewed as an accelerated schedule in comparison to historical decommissioning efforts may serve to increase, perhaps materially, our future plugging, abandonment and removal costs, which may translate into a need to increase our estimate of future asset retirement obligations required to meet such increased costs. During the third quarter of 2010, we increased our estimate of asset retirement obligations by \$18.7 million based on our expected acceleration in timing for such obligations as a result of implementing this NTL. (For additional details, refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 3 – Asset Retirement Obligations*.) However, the potential increase in decommissioning activity in the Gulf of Mexico over the next few years as a result of the NTL could likely result in increased demand for salvage contractors and equipment, resulting in increased estimates of plugging, abandonment and removal costs and increases in related asset retirement obligations.

In the second quarter of 2010, we renewed our insurance policies covering well control, hurricane damage, general and excess liabilities and pollution control. For a more complete description of these policies and the risks they cover, refer to “*Liquidity and Capital Resources – Hurricane Remediation and Insurance Claims*” below.

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Results of Operations

The following tables set forth selected financial and operating data for the periods indicated (all values are net to our interest unless indicated otherwise):

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2010	2009	Change	%	2010	2009 (1)	Change	%
(In thousands, except percentages and per share data)								
Financial:								
Revenues:								
Oil	\$126,325	\$118,548	\$ 7,777	6.6%	\$366,567	\$ 270,675	\$ 95,892	35.4%
Natural gas	47,236	43,222	4,014	9.3%	156,025	158,938	(2,913)	(1.8%)
Other (2)	(3,986)	5,272	(9,258)	NM	(3,765)	5,283	(9,048)	NM
Total revenues (3)	169,575	167,042	2,533	1.5%	518,827	434,896	83,931	19.3%
Operating costs and expenses:								
Lease operating expenses (4)	34,371	53,820	(19,449)	(36.1%)	122,194	158,131	(35,937)	(22.7%)
Production taxes	276	174	102	58.6%	788	1,464	(676)	(46.2%)
Gathering and transportation	4,607	4,050	557	13.8%	12,920	10,400	2,520	24.2%
Depreciation, depletion, amortization and accretion	75,315	88,073	(12,758)	(14.5%)	220,546	264,203	(43,657)	(16.5%)
Impairment of oil and natural gas properties (1)	—	—	—	—	—	218,871	(218,871)	(100.0%)
General and administrative expenses	13,389	9,758	3,631	37.2%	38,143	31,925	6,218	19.5%
Derivative loss (gain)	4,770	3,845	925	24.1%	(8,500)	4,697	(13,197)	NM
Total costs and expenses	132,728	159,720	(26,992)	(16.9%)	386,091	689,691	(303,600)	(44.0%)
Operating income (loss)	36,847	7,322	29,525	403.2%	132,736	(254,795)	387,531	NM
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	9,140	9,222	(82)	(0.9%)	28,229	29,967	(1,738)	(5.8%)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	—	—	—	—	2,926	(2,926)	(100.0%)
Other income	150	39	111	284.6%	632	762	(130)	(17.1%)
Income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit)	27,857	(1,861)	29,718	NM	105,139	(286,926)	392,065	NM
Income tax expense (benefit)	669	(539)	1,208	NM	7,766	(35,052)	42,818	NM
Net income (loss)	\$ 27,188	\$ (1,322)	\$ 28,510	NM	\$ 97,373	\$ (251,874)	\$ 349,247	NM
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common Share	\$ 0.36	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.38	NM	\$ 1.30	\$ (3.35)	\$ 4.65	NM

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	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2010	2009	Change	%	2010	2009	Change	%
Operating:								
Net sales:								
Natural gas (Bcf)	10.6	14.0	(3.4)	(24.3%)	32.9	39.9	(7.0)	(17.5%)
Oil (MMBbls)	1.8	1.9	(0.1)	(5.3%)	5.3	5.3	—	—
Total natural gas and oil (Bcfe) (5) (6)	21.6	25.7	(4.1)	(16.0%)	64.4	71.9	(7.5)	(10.4%)
Average daily equivalent sales (MMcfe/d)	235.3	278.9	(43.6)	(15.6%)	235.9	263.3	(27.4)	(10.4%)
Average realized sales prices (Unhedged):								
Natural gas (\$/Mcf)	\$ 4.47	\$ 3.08	\$ 1.39	45.1%	\$ 4.75	\$ 3.98	\$ 0.77	19.3%
Oil (\$/Bbl)	68.35	61.09	7.26	11.9%	69.73	50.82	18.91	37.2%
Natural gas equivalent (\$/Mcf)	8.02	6.30	1.72	27.3%	8.12	5.98	2.14	35.8%
Average realized sales prices (Hedged):								
Natural gas (\$/Mcf)	\$ 4.58	\$ 3.08	\$ 1.50	48.7%	\$ 4.91	\$ 3.98	\$ 0.93	23.4%
Oil (\$/Bbl)	68.35	61.09	7.26	11.9%	69.55	50.82	18.73	36.9%
Natural gas equivalent (\$/Mcf)	8.07	6.30	1.77	28.1%	8.18	5.98	2.20	36.8%
Average per Mcfe (\$/Mcfe):								
Lease operating expenses (4)	\$ 1.59	\$ 2.10	\$(0.51)	(24.3%)	\$ 1.90	\$ 2.20	\$(0.30)	(13.6%)
Gathering and transportation	0.21	0.15	0.06	40.0%	0.20	0.15	0.05	33.3%
Production costs	1.80	2.25	(0.45)	(20.0%)	2.10	2.35	(0.25)	(10.6%)
Production taxes	0.01	0.01	—	—	0.01	0.02	(0.01)	(50.0%)
Depreciation, depletion, amortization and accretion	3.48	3.43	0.05	1.5%	3.42	3.68	(0.26)	(7.1%)
General and administrative expenses	0.62	0.38	0.24	63.2%	0.59	0.44	0.15	34.1%
	<u>\$ 5.91</u>	<u>\$ 6.07</u>	<u>\$(0.16)</u>	<u>(2.6%)</u>	<u>\$ 6.12</u>	<u>\$ 6.49</u>	<u>\$(0.37)</u>	<u>(5.7%)</u>
Total number of wells drilled (gross)	2	1	1	100%	7	11	(4)	(36.4%)
Total number of productive wells drilled (gross)	—	1	(1)	(100%)	4	8	(4)	(50.0%)

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- (1) The carrying amount of our oil and natural gas properties was written down by \$218.9 million as of March 31, 2009 through application of the full cost ceiling limitation as prescribed by the SEC, primarily as a result of lower natural gas prices at March 31, 2009, as compared to December 31, 2008. The previously reported amount of \$205.0 million was subsequently increased by \$13.9 million in the fourth quarter of 2009 as a result of further analysis of our March 31, 2009 ceiling test calculation. As such, operating income, net income and our basic and diluted loss per common share for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 have been adjusted as well. We did not have a ceiling test write-down during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010.
 - (2) For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, a reduction in other revenue of \$4.7 million was recorded to adjust amounts originally recorded in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009. This amount relates to the disallowance by the BOEM of royalty relief for transportation of deepwater production through our subsea pipeline system. We are contesting this BOEM adjustment.
 - (3) Included in total revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 is \$4.8 million and \$24.9 million, respectively, related to the recoupment of royalties paid to the BOEM in prior periods based on price thresholds that were believed to limit the availability of royalty relief on certain of our properties subject to the Outer Continental Shelf ("OCS") Deepwater Royalty Relief Act of 1995.
 - (4) Included in lease operating expenses are hurricane remediation costs and insurance claims, net, related to Hurricanes Ike and Gustav that incorporate reimbursement for claims paid under our policies by our insurance underwriters, credits for approved claims, expenses not yet approved for payment under our insurance policies, expenses not covered by insurance and revisions to previous estimates for hurricane remediation. The net amounts for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 were a reduction of expenses of \$7.1 million and \$11.3 million, respectively. The net amounts for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 were an increase of expenses of \$4.0 million and \$19.3 million, respectively.
 - (5) One billion cubic feet equivalent (Bcfe), one million cubic feet equivalent (MMcfe) and one thousand cubic feet equivalent (Mcf) are determined using the ratio of six Mcf of natural gas to one Bbl of crude oil, condensate or natural gas liquids (totals may not add due to rounding).
 - (6) Included in natural gas and oil sales volumes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 is approximately 0.5 Bcfe and 3.0 Bcfe, respectively, related to the recoupment of royalties paid to the BOEM in prior periods as noted above.
- NM = percentage change not meaningful

Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2009

Revenues. Total revenues increased \$2.5 million to \$169.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. Oil revenues increased \$7.8 million, natural gas revenues increased \$4.0 million and other revenues decreased \$9.3 million. The oil revenue increase was attributable to an 11.9% increase in the average realized oil sales price to \$68.35 per barrel for the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$61.09 per barrel for the same period in 2009, partially offset by a 5.3% decrease in sales volumes. The sales volume decrease for oil is primarily attributable to property divestitures in 2009 and natural reservoir declines, partially offset by an increase associated with the Matterhorn and Virgo fields we purchased in the second quarter of 2010. The increase in natural gas revenue resulted from a 45.1% increase in the average realized natural gas sales price to \$4.47 per Mcf in the 2010 period from \$3.08 per Mcf in the 2009 period, partially offset by a 24.3% decrease in sales volumes. The sales volume decrease for natural gas is primarily attributable to production shut in at our Main Pass 108 field as a result of a pipeline outage that began in early June 2010. The decrease in other revenues was attributable to reversing \$4.7 million originally recorded in the third quarter of 2009 as this amount relates to the disallowance by the BOEM of royalty relief for transportation of deepwater production through our subsea pipeline system. We are contesting this BOEM adjustment. For additional information, refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 13 – Contingencies*.

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Lease operating expenses. Lease operating expenses, which include base lease operating expenses, insurance, workovers, maintenance on our facilities, and net hurricane remediation costs and insurance claims, decreased to \$1.59 per Mcfe during the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$2.10 per Mcfe during the three months ended September 30, 2009. On a nominal basis, lease operating expenses decreased \$19.4 million to \$34.4 million in the third quarter of 2010, compared to the third quarter of 2009. On a component basis, hurricane remediation costs and insurance claims, net, insurance premiums, base lease operating expenses, and workover costs decreased \$11.1 million, \$3.7 million, \$3.6 million, and \$2.6 million respectively, while facility expenses costs increased \$1.6 million. Hurricane remediation costs and insurance claims, net, decreased due to insurance reimbursements in excess of cost incurred for 2010. The decrease in insurance premiums resulted primarily from renewal of our insurance policies effective June 1, 2010 covering well control and hurricane damage at an annual cost of approximately \$20.7 million, representing a decrease of approximately 41% from 2009. For a more complete description of our insurance renewal, refer to “- *Liquidity and Capital Resources – Hurricane Remediation and Insurance Claims*” below. The decrease in base lease operating expenses primarily reflects property divestitures in 2009, partially offset by increases associated with the Matterhorn and Virgo fields we purchased in the second quarter of 2010. The decrease in workover expense is due primarily to decreased work activity. The increase in facility costs is attributable to increased work on certain platforms primarily for sandblasting and painting.

Production taxes. Production taxes increased primarily due to production that began in 2010 related to an onshore well. Most of our production is from federal waters where there are no production taxes.

Gathering and transportation costs. Gathering and transportation costs increased primarily due to costs associated with operating the new Matterhorn and Virgo platforms, partially offset by property divestitures that occurred in 2009.

Depreciation, depletion, amortization and accretion. Depreciation, depletion, amortization and accretion (“DD&A”) decreased to \$75.3 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2010 from \$88.1 million for the same period in 2009. DD&A decreased primarily due to lower production of oil and natural gas. On a per Mcfe basis, DD&A was \$3.48 for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, compared to \$3.43 for the quarter ended September 30, 2009.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses (“G&A”) increased to \$13.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 from \$9.8 million for the same period in 2009, primarily due to higher incentive compensation and reductions in billings to joint-interest parties attributable to certain capital projects. Incentive compensation increased due to the Company’s improved financial and operational performance in 2010. On a per Mcfe basis, G&A was \$0.62 per Mcfe for the three months ended September 30, 2010, compared to \$0.38 per Mcfe for the same period in 2009.

Derivative gain/loss. For the three months ended September 30, 2010, our derivative loss of \$4.8 million related entirely to a change in the fair value of our commodity derivatives. For the three months ended September 30, 2009, our derivative loss of \$3.8 million related to changes in the fair values of our commodity derivatives and interest rate swap of \$3.3 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. For additional details about our derivatives, refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 7 – Derivative Financial Instruments*.

Interest expense. Interest expense incurred decreased to \$10.5 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2010 from \$11.1 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2009 primarily due to lower amounts of borrowings outstanding during the 2010 period. During the 2010 and 2009 periods, \$1.3 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, of interest was capitalized to unevaluated oil and natural gas properties.

Income tax expense/benefit. Income tax expense increased to \$0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2010 from an income tax benefit of \$0.5 million for the same period of 2009. Our effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2010 was approximately 2.4% and primarily reflects a reduction in our valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets. Forecasted taxable income in 2010 has allowed us to reduce a portion of our valuation allowance. For 2009, the income tax benefit resulted from a pre-tax loss. Our effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2009 was approximately 29.0% and primarily reflected adjustments for prior year taxes and other discrete items.

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Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009

Revenues. Total revenues increased \$83.9 million to \$518.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. Oil revenues increased \$95.9 million, natural gas revenues decreased \$2.9 million and other revenues decreased \$9.0 million. The oil revenue increase was attributable to a 37.2% increase in the average realized oil sales price to \$69.73 per barrel for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$50.82 per barrel for the same period in 2009. The sales volume for oil was basically flat, primarily due to decreases attributable to property divestitures in 2009, offset by increases associated with the Matterhorn and Virgo fields we purchased in the second quarter of 2010. The decrease in natural gas revenue resulted from a 17.5% decrease in sales volumes, partially offset by a 19.3% increase in the average realized natural gas sales price to \$4.75 per Mcf in the 2010 period from \$3.98 per Mcf in the 2009 period. The sales volume decrease for natural gas is primarily attributable to production shut in at our Main Pass 108 field as a result of a pipeline outage that began in early June 2010. The decrease in other revenues was attributable to reversing \$4.7 million originally recorded in the third quarter of 2009 as this amount relates to the disallowance by the BOEM of royalty relief for transportation of deepwater production through our subsea pipeline system. We are contesting this BOEM adjustment. For additional information, refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 13 – Contingencies*.

Lease operating expenses. Lease operating expenses decreased to \$1.90 per Mcfe during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$2.20 per Mcfe during the nine months ended September 30, 2009. On a nominal basis, lease operating expenses decreased \$35.9 million to \$122.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2010, compared to the same period in 2009. On a component basis, hurricane remediation costs and insurance claims, net, base lease operating expenses, and facilities expense decreased \$30.6 million, \$16.0 million, and \$2.0 million respectively, while workover expenses and insurance increased \$10.1 million and \$2.5 million, respectively. Hurricane remediation costs and insurance claims, net, decreased due to insurance reimbursements in excess of cost incurred for 2010. The decrease in base lease operating expenses primarily reflects decreases attributable to property divestitures, partially offset by increases associated with the Matterhorn and Virgo fields we purchased in the second quarter of 2010. The increase in workover expense is related to three separate workover projects that required the use of rigs to perform the activity. The increase in insurance expense is attributable to higher insurance premiums incurred prior to our insurance renewal in June 2010.

Production taxes. Production taxes decreased to \$0.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$1.5 million for the same period in 2009 primarily due to property divestitures in 2009. Most of our production is from federal waters where there are no production taxes.

Gathering and transportation costs. Gathering and transportation costs increased to \$12.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$10.4 million for the same period in 2009 primarily due to costs associated with operating the new Matterhorn and Virgo platforms, partially offset by property divestitures that occurred in 2009.

Depreciation, depletion, amortization and accretion. DD&A decreased to \$220.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$264.2 million for the same period in 2009. DD&A decreased primarily due to lower production of oil and natural gas. In addition, decreases were due to a lower depreciable base (including our estimate of the cost of asset retirement obligations). The decrease in our depreciable base reflects property divestitures in 2009, partially offset by an increase associated with the Matterhorn and Virgo fields we purchased in the second quarter of 2010. The decrease in our depreciable base also reflects lower future development costs in the first quarter of 2010 due to the write-off of certain proved undeveloped reserves at the end of 2009 in connection with new reserve reporting requirements for oil and natural gas companies enacted by the SEC and the FASB. On a per Mcfe basis, DD&A was \$3.42 for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, compared to \$3.68 for the same period in 2009.

Impairment of oil and natural gas properties. At March 31, 2009, we recorded a ceiling test write-down of our oil and natural gas properties of \$218.9 million through application of the full cost ceiling limitation as prescribed by the SEC, primarily as a result of a further decline in natural gas prices at March 31, 2009 as compared to December 31, 2008. We did not have a ceiling test write-down during the nine months ended September 30, 2010.

General and administrative expenses. G&A increased to \$38.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$31.9 million for the same period in 2009, primarily due to higher incentive compensation and reductions in billings to joint-interest parties attributable to certain capital projects. Incentive compensation increased due to the Company's improved financial and operational performance in 2010. On a per Mcfe basis, G&A was \$0.59 per Mcfe for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, compared to \$0.44 per Mcfe for the same period in 2009.

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Derivative gain/loss. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, our derivative gain of \$8.5 million consisted of a gain of \$8.8 million related to a change in the fair value of our commodity derivatives, partially offset by a loss of \$0.3 million related to a change in the fair value of our interest rate swap. For the nine months ended September 30, 2009, our derivative loss of \$4.7 million related to changes in the fair values of our commodity derivatives and interest rate swap of \$3.3 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. For additional details about our derivatives, refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 7 – Derivative Financial Instruments*.

Interest expense. Interest expense incurred decreased to \$32.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from \$35.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 primarily due to lower amounts of borrowings outstanding during the 2010 period. During the 2010 and 2009 periods, \$4.1 million and \$5.4 million, respectively, of interest was capitalized to unevaluated oil and natural gas properties.

Loss on extinguishment of debt. In May 2009, we repaid our Tranche B term loan facility in full with borrowings under our revolving loan facility. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, we recorded a loss of \$2.9 million related to the write-off of all the deferred financing costs related to the Tranche B term loan facility and the write-off of a portion of the deferred financing costs related to the revolving loan facility, as well as the incurrence of other incidental costs in connection with the payoff of the Tranche B term loan facility.

Income tax expense/benefit. Income tax expense increased to \$7.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 from an income tax benefit of \$35.1 million for the same period of 2009. Our effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was approximately 7.4% and primarily reflects a reduction in our valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets. Forecasted taxable income in 2010 has allowed us to reduce a portion of our valuation allowance. For 2009, the income tax benefit resulted from a pre-tax loss. Our effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 was approximately 12.2% and primarily reflected the effect of a valuation allowance for our deferred tax assets.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary liquidity needs are to fund capital expenditures to allow us to replace our oil and natural gas reserves, repay outstanding borrowings and make related interest payments and to fund strategic property acquisitions. We have funded our capital expenditures, including acquisitions, with cash on hand, cash provided by operations, securities offerings and bank borrowings. These sources of liquidity have historically been sufficient to fund our ongoing cash requirements.

Cash flow and working capital. Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was \$392.9 million, compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$91.9 million for the comparable period in 2009. Included in the 2010 period are refunds of federal income taxes paid in prior years totaling \$99.8 million, consisting primarily of carrybacks of net operating losses generated in 2009 and 2008. Also included in the 2010 are \$46.9 million of insurance reimbursements for remediation and plugging and abandonment costs incurred primarily in connection with Hurricane Ike. Although our combined total production of oil and natural gas during the nine months ended September 30, 2010 was approximately 10.4% lower compared to the same period in 2009, our combined average realized sales price was 35.8% higher in the 2010 period, which contributed to the increase in cash provided by operating activities in the 2010 period compared to the 2009 period.

Net cash used in investing activities totaled \$243.1 million and \$263.1 million during the first nine months of 2010 and 2009, respectively, which primarily represents our investments in oil and natural gas properties. Included in the 2010 period is \$116.6 million for the acquisition of the Matterhorn and Virgo fields from Total. At September 30, 2010, we had a cash balance of \$180.5 million and we had \$405.2 million of undrawn capacity under the revolving loan facility. We believe that cash provided by operations, borrowings available under our revolving loan facility and other external sources of liquidity should be sufficient to fund our ongoing cash requirements.

From time to time, we use various derivative instruments to manage our exposure to commodity price risk from sales of oil and natural gas and interest rate risk from floating interest rates on our revolving loan facility. As of September 30, 2010, our derivative instruments outstanding consisted primarily of commodity option contracts relating to approximately 5 Befe, 11 Befe, and 4 Befe of our anticipated production for the 4th quarter of 2010 and for calendar years 2011 and 2012, respectively. For additional details about our derivatives, refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 7 – Derivative Financial Instruments*.

Hurricane Remediation and Insurance Claims. During the third quarter of 2008, Hurricane Ike, and to a much lesser extent Hurricane Gustav, caused property damage and disruptions to our exploration and production activities. We currently have insurance coverage for named windstorms but we do not carry business interruption insurance. Our insurance policies in effect on the occurrence dates of Hurricanes Ike and Gustav had a retention requirement of \$10 million per occurrence to be satisfied by us before we could be indemnified for losses. In the fourth quarter of 2008, we satisfied our \$10 million retention requirement for Hurricane Ike in connection with two platforms that were toppled and were deemed total losses. Our insurance coverage policy limits at the time of Hurricane Ike were \$150 million for property damage due to named windstorms (excluding certain damage incurred at our marginal facilities) and \$250 million for, among other things, removal of wreckage if mandated by any governmental authority. The damage we incurred as a result of Hurricane Gustav was well below our retention amount.

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For a discussion of our hurricane remediation costs related to lease operating expenses incurred during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 9 – Hurricane Remediation and Insurance Claims*. Lease operating expenses will be offset in future periods to the extent that costs incurred are approved for payment under our insurance policies.

We recognize insurance receivables with respect to capital, repair and plugging and abandonment costs as a result of hurricane damage when we deem those to be probable of collection. Our assessment of probability considers the review and approval of such costs by our insurance underwriters' adjuster. Claims that have been processed in this manner have customarily been paid on a timely basis.

To the extent our insurance underwriters' adjuster has reviewed work plans and other information provided by us in connection with our plugging and abandonment activities scheduled to be completed and that were accelerated by Hurricane Ike, and has indicated that our insurance policies provide coverage for such costs and they are within policy limits, we have recognized an insurance receivable.

At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, \$6.2 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, of remediation costs and \$5.3 million and \$29.2 million, respectively, related to the plugging and abandonment of wells and dismantlement of facilities damaged by Hurricanes Ike are included in insurance receivables. Refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 9 – Hurricane Remediation and Insurance Claims* for a reconciliation of our insurance receivables from December 31, 2009 to September 30, 2010. We expect that our available cash and cash equivalents, cash flow from operations and the availability under our revolving loan facility will be sufficient to meet any necessary expenditures that may exceed our insurance coverage for damages incurred as a result of Hurricanes Ike and Gustav.

Due to increased insurance claims in recent years associated with hurricanes in the Gulf of Mexico and continuing restrictions in the capital markets, property damage and well control insurance coverage has become more limited and the cost of such coverage has been significantly higher than historical levels. We currently carry three layers of insurance coverage for our operating activities in the Gulf of Mexico, each of which was renewed during the second quarter of 2010. In June 2010, we renewed our insurance policies covering well control and hurricane damage at an annual cost of approximately \$20.7 million, representing the most significant cost of our insurance coverage. The current policy limits for well control and hurricane damage are \$100 million and \$85 million, respectively. We carry an additional \$100 million of well control coverage on six wells at our Ship Shoal 349 field and six wells at our Matterhorn field. A retention amount of \$5 million for well control event and \$35 million per hurricane occurrence must be satisfied by us before we are indemnified for losses. Certain properties we have deemed as non-core are not covered for hurricane damage; however, properties representing approximately 90% of our PV-10 value at December 31, 2009 (before estimated asset retirement obligations) are covered under our new insurance policies for hurricane damage. Pollution causing a negative environmental impact is characterized as a covered component of each of the well control and hurricane sections of the policy.

In May 2010, we renewed our general and excess liability policy, which provides for \$250 million of liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage, including liability claims resulting from seepage, pollution or contamination. In April 2010, we renewed our insurance policy with respect to the Oil Spill Financial Responsibility ("OSFR") requirement under the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 ("OPA"), under which we are currently required to evidence \$70 million of financial responsibility to the BOEM. We qualify to self-insure for \$35 million of this amount, and the remaining \$35 million is covered by our insurance policy. We may only collect proceeds under this OSFR policy after our well control, hurricane damage and excess liability policies have been exhausted.

In light of recent events in the Gulf of Mexico, our insurers may not continue to offer this type and level of coverage to us, or our costs may increase substantially as a result of increased premiums and the increased risk of uninsured losses that may have been previously insured, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. We are also exposed to the possibility that in the future we will be unable to buy insurance at any price or that if we do have a claim, the insurance companies will not pay our claim. However, we are not aware of any financial issues related to any of our insurance underwriters that would affect their ability to pay claims. We do not carry business interruption insurance.

Capital expenditures. The level of our investment in oil and natural gas properties changes from time to time depending on numerous factors, including the prices of oil and natural gas, anticipated operating cash flow, acquisition opportunities and the results of our exploration and development activities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, our capital expenditures for oil and natural gas properties and equipment of \$244.0 million included \$116.6 million for the acquisition of the Matterhorn and Virgo fields from Total, \$68.6 million for exploration activities, \$40.5 million for development activities and \$18.3 million for seismic, capitalized interest and other leasehold costs. Our development and exploration capital expenditures consisted of \$93.8 million on the conventional shelf and other projects, \$6.4 million in the deepwater, \$5.5 million onshore and \$3.4 million on the deep shelf. Our capital expenditures for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 were financed by cash flow from operating activities and cash on hand.

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On November 4, 2010, we executed an Asset Purchase Agreement acquiring interests in five offshore producing fields located in the deepwater Gulf of Mexico from Shell Offshore Inc. for an aggregate purchase price of \$395.0 million cash and the assumption of asset retirement obligations for plugging and abandonment liability for the acquired interests. Certain non-operated interests included in the acquisition have been closed into escrow pending the exercise or waiver of an operator's preferential right of purchase. We also entered into a letter of intent to acquire the interests of Shell Offshore Inc. in a sixth field located in the shallow shelf waters of the Gulf of Mexico for an additional \$55.0 million cash plus assumption of related asset retirement obligations, subject to completion of due diligence and negotiation of definitive agreements. The acquisitions are being funded with cash on hand and from borrowings on our revolving loan facility.

Pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement, on November 4, 2010 we acquired (i) operated working interests in the Tahoe (70% W.I.) and Southeast Tahoe (100% W.I.) fields, located in Viosca Knoll 783 and 784 Federal lease blocks respectively, (ii) non-operated working interests in the Marlin (11.5-25% W.I.) and Dorado (25% W.I.) fields, located in the Viosca Knoll 871 and 915 Federal lease blocks and (iii) a 6.25% of 8/8ths overriding royalty interest in the Droszky oil field, located in the Green Canyon 244 Federal lease block. The acquisition of the interests in the Marlin and Dorado fields was funded in escrow for approximately 30 days pending waiver or exercise of a preferential purchase right held by the third party operator of the fields. In the event the Droszky oil field cumulatively produces over 30 million barrel equivalents from and after September 1, 2010, our overriding royalty interest will change to 5.25% of 8/8ths.

The working interest acquisitions include interests in wells, platforms, pipelines, and related contracts. Shell Offshore Inc. will provide certain transitional services in connection with the operated properties. The purchase price is subject to adjustment for an economic effective date of September 1, 2010 and other customary post-effective date adjustments. We estimate that we will accrue approximately \$50 million for asset retirement obligations for the interests in the six fields.

Our original total capital expenditure budget for 2010 was \$450 million, comprised of both identified capital investment programs as described below and potential (but yet unidentified) acquisitions, joint ventures and other drilling opportunities. The budget, as recently updated, includes the drilling of three exploratory wells onshore, six offshore wells (five exploratory and one development) and other capital items such as well recompletions, facilities capital, seismic and leasehold items. At this time, we anticipate these capital expenditures will cost approximately \$160 million. Another \$116.6 million has been allocated to the purchase of certain properties from Total as discussed below. With the acquisition of certain properties from Shell Offshore Inc. noted above, we expect our capital expenditures for 2010 to be in the range of \$650 million to \$800 million. We anticipate fully funding our 2010 capital expenditures with internally generated cash flow, cash on hand and with borrowings under our revolving loan facility.

On April 7, 2010, we entered into the PSA with Total to acquire all of Total's interest, including production platforms and facilities, in three federal offshore lease blocks located in the Gulf of Mexico for a purchase price of \$150 million, subject to customary closing adjustments, with an effective date of January 1, 2010. The transaction closed on April 30, 2010, with our wholly-owned subsidiary, Energy VI, as purchaser. The purchase price was adjusted for, among other things, net revenue and operating expenses from the effective date to the closing date, resulting in a net payment of \$116.6 million. This acquisition was funded with cash on hand. In accordance with the PSA, Energy VI obtained unsecured surety bonds in favor of the BOEM to secure the retirement obligations with respect to these assets. The PSA provides for annual increases in the required security for the asset retirement obligations. To help satisfy the annual increases, Energy VI has agreed to make periodic payments from production of the acquired properties to an escrow agent. As long as the required security amount then in effect is met, the payments will be promptly released to us by the escrow agent. As of September 30, 2010, we were in compliance with the required security amount.

The properties acquired from Total are producing interests with future development potential, and include a 100% working interest in Matterhorn and a 64% working interest in Virgo. The estimated proved oil and natural gas reserves on the closing date (determined using the unweighted average of first-day-of-the-month commodity prices over the preceding 12-month period) were 10.9 million Boe, or 65.6 Bcfe of natural gas, determined using the ratio of six Mcf of natural gas to one Bbl of crude oil, condensate or natural gas liquids. The reserves acquired were estimated as 64% oil and 36% natural gas.

Credit agreement and long-term debt. As of September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, there were no borrowings outstanding under our revolving loan facility and \$450.0 million of our 8.25% Senior Notes outstanding. During each quarter of 2010, we borrowed \$142.5 million under our revolving loan facility and repaid such borrowings during the quarter. As of September 30, 2010, we had \$405.2 million of undrawn capacity under our revolving loan facility, which matures in 2012. The Senior Notes are classified as long-term. For additional details about our long-term debt, refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 5 – Long-Term Debt*.

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Availability under our revolving loan facility is subject to a semi-annual redetermination (March and September) of our borrowing base and is calculated by our lenders based on their evaluation of our proved reserves and their own internal criteria. In November 2010, our borrowing base under the Credit Agreement was reaffirmed by our lenders at \$405.5 million. Fifteen lenders participate in our revolving loan facility and we do not anticipate any of them being unable to satisfy their obligations under the Credit Agreement. We do not anticipate any immediate need for access to the capital markets due to having approximately \$585 million of cash and borrowing capacity available as of September 30, 2010. Following the closing of the purchase of properties from Shell Offshore Inc. as described above, we expect to have adequate cash and borrowing capacity in the near term. Our borrowing base may increase due to the increased reserves from this acquisition, but any such increase would be subject to approval of each of the lenders participating in the revolving loan facility.

The Credit Agreement contains various financial covenants calculated as of the last day of each fiscal quarter, including a minimum current ratio and a maximum leverage ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement. We were in compliance with all applicable covenants of the Credit Agreement as of September 30, 2010.

Income taxes. During the nine months ended September 30, 2010, we received refunds of federal income taxes paid in prior years totaling \$99.8 million, consisting primarily of carrybacks of net operating losses generated in 2009 and 2008. Approximately \$12.9 million of refunds are subject to recognition limitations in accordance with the *Income Taxes* Topic of the Codification, and as a result, we recorded an unrecognized tax benefit plus interest thereon in other liabilities. No potential benefits are included in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits that would affect the effective tax rate on income from continuing operations if recognized.

Dividends. During the first three quarters of 2010, we paid regular cash dividends of \$0.03, \$0.03, and \$0.04 per common share per quarter, respectively. During the first three quarters of 2009, we paid regular cash dividends of \$0.03 per common share per quarter. On November 1, 2010, our board of directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.04 per common share, payable on December 8, 2010 to shareholders of record on November 17, 2010.

Contractual obligations. Except as described in “*Cash flow and working capital*,” “*Capital expenditures*” and “*Long-term debt*” above, information about contractual obligations for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, did not change materially from the disclosures in Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 1 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. Also refer to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part 1, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a description of recent accounting pronouncements, see Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 2 – Recent Accounting Pronouncements*.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Information about market risks for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, did not change materially from the disclosures in Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 except as noted below. As such, the information contained herein should be read in conjunction with the related disclosures in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

On July 21, 2010, President Obama signed the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the “Act”) into law, to which one of the areas relates to increased regulation of the markets for derivative products of the type we use to manage areas of market risk. While the Commodity Futures Trading Commission has yet to issue regulations to implement this increased regulation, the Act may result in increased costs to us to implement our market risk management strategy.

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Commodity Price Risk. Our revenues, profitability and future rate of growth substantially depend upon market prices of oil and natural gas, which fluctuate widely. Oil and natural gas price declines and volatility have adversely affected our revenues, net cash provided by operating activities and profitability. We have entered into a limited number of commodity option contracts and a commodity swap contract to help manage our exposure to commodity price risk from sales of oil and natural gas during the fiscal years ending December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012. As of September 30, 2010, our derivative instruments outstanding consisted primarily of commodity option contracts relating to approximately 5 Bcfe, 11 Bcfe, and 4 Bcfe of our anticipated production for the 4th quarter of 2010 and for calendar years 2011 and year 2012, respectively. While these contracts are intended to reduce the effects of volatile oil and natural gas prices, they may also limit future income if oil and natural gas prices were to rise substantially over the price established by the hedge. We do not enter into derivative instruments for speculative trading purposes. For additional details about our commodity derivatives, refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 7 – Derivative Financial Instruments*.

Interest Rate Risk. Our interest rate swap contract expired in August 2010. As of September 30, 2010, we had no floating rate debt outstanding. For additional details about our historical interest rate swap contract, refer to Item 1 *Financial Statements – Note 7 – Derivative Financial Instruments*.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We have established disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that material information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC and that any material information relating to us is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, our management recognizes that controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving desired control objectives. In reaching a reasonable level of assurance, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

As required by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b), we performed an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have each concluded that as of September 30, 2010 our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information we are required to disclose in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that our controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in such reports is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2010, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Carefully consider the risk factors set forth below, as well as the risk factors included under the caption “Risk Factors” under Part I, Item 1A in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, together with all of the other information included in this document, in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K and in the Company’s other public filings, press releases and discussions with Company management.

Legislative and regulatory initiatives relating to offshore operations, which include consideration of increases in the minimum levels of demonstrated financial responsibility required to conduct exploration and production operations on the outer continental shelf and elimination of liability limitations on damages, will, if adopted, likely result in increased costs and additional operating restrictions and could have a material adverse effect on our business.

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There have been a variety of proposals to change existing laws and regulations that could affect our operations and cause us to incur substantial costs. Implementation of any one or more of the various proposed changes could materially adversely affect operations in the Gulf of Mexico by raising operating costs, increasing insurance premiums, delaying drilling operations and increasing regulatory burdens, and, further, could lead to a wide variety of other unforeseeable consequences that make operations in the Gulf of Mexico and other offshore waters more difficult, more time consuming, and more costly. For example, Congress is currently considering a variety of amendments to the Oil Pollution Act of 1990, or “OPA”, in response to the Deepwater Horizon incident. OPA and regulations adopted pursuant to OPA impose a variety of requirements related to the prevention of and response to oil spills into waters of the United States, including the outer continental shelf waters where we have substantial operations. OPA subjects operators of offshore leases and owners and operators of oil handling facilities to strict, joint and several liability for all containment and cleanup costs and certain other damages arising from an oil spill, including, but not limited to, the costs of responding to a spill, natural resource damages and economic damages suffered by persons adversely affected by the spill. OPA also requires owners and operators of offshore oil production facilities to establish and maintain evidence of financial responsibility to cover costs that could be incurred in responding to an oil spill. OPA currently requires a minimum financial responsibility demonstration of \$35 million for companies operating in offshore waters, although the Secretary of Interior may increase this amount up to \$150 million in certain situations. At least one proposed bill that Congress is considering with regard to OPA, which has been approved by the House of Representatives (H.R. 3534, the “Consolidated Land, Energy and Aquatic Resources Act”), would increase the minimum level of financial responsibility to \$300 million. If OPA is amended to increase the minimum level of financial responsibility to \$300 million, we may experience difficulty in providing financial assurances sufficient to comply with this requirement. If we are unable to provide the level of financial assurance required by OPA, we may be forced to sell our properties or operations located in offshore waters or enter into partnerships with other companies that can meet the increased financial responsibility requirement, and any such developments could have an adverse effect on the value of our offshore assets and the results of our operations. We cannot predict at this time whether OPA will be amended or whether the level of financial responsibility required for companies operating in offshore waters will be increased.

Our estimates of future asset retirement obligations may vary significantly from period to period and are especially significant because our operations are almost exclusively in the Gulf of Mexico.

We are required to record a liability for the discounted present value of our asset retirement obligations to plug and abandon inactive, non-producing wells, to remove inactive or damaged platforms, facilities and equipment, and to restore the land or seabed at the end of oil and natural gas production operations. These costs are typically considerably more expensive for offshore operations as compared to most land-based operations due to increased regulatory scrutiny and the logistical issues associated with working in waters of various depths. Estimating future restoration and removal costs in the Gulf of Mexico is especially difficult because most of the removal obligations may be many years in the future, regulatory requirements are subject to change or more restrictive interpretation, and asset removal technologies are constantly evolving, which may result in additional or increased costs. As a result, we may make significant increases or decreases to our estimated asset retirement obligations in future periods. For example, because we operate in the Gulf of Mexico, platforms, facilities and equipment are subject to damage or destruction as a result of hurricanes. The estimated cost to plug and abandon a well or dismantle a platform can change dramatically if the host platform from which the work was anticipated to be performed is damaged or toppled rather than structurally intact. Accordingly, our estimate of future asset retirement obligations could differ dramatically from what we may ultimately incur as a result of damage from a hurricane.

In addition, the BOEM recently issued an NTL dated to be effective October 15, 2010 that establishes a more stringent regimen for the timely decommissioning of what is known as “idle iron” – wells, platforms and pipelines that are no longer producing or serving exploration or support functions related to an operator’s lease – in the Gulf of Mexico. Historically, many oil and natural gas producers in the Gulf of Mexico have scheduled the plugging, abandoning or removal of such idle iron for when they meet the final decommissioning regulatory requirement, which has been established as being within one year after the lease expires or terminates, a time period that sometimes is years after use of the idle iron has been discontinued. The determination of productive lease termination dates are generally based on management’s estimate as to when it would become likely that production, including from future development activities, would cease on the lease. The recently issued NTL, however, sets forth more stringent standards for decommissioning timing requirements by applying the requirement that any well that has not been used during the past five years for exploration or production on active leases and is no longer capable of producing in paying quantities must be permanently plugged or temporarily abandoned within three years. Plugging or abandonment of wells may be delayed by two years if all of the well’s hydrocarbon and sulphur zones are appropriately isolated. Similarly, platforms or other facilities that are no longer useful for operations must be removed within five years of the cessation of operations. Triggering of these plugging, abandonment and removal activities under what may be viewed as an accelerated schedule in comparison to historical decommissioning efforts may serve to increase, perhaps materially, our future plugging, abandonment and removal costs, which may translate into a need to increase our estimate of future asset retirement obligations required to meet such increased costs. In addition, the potential increase in decommissioning activity in the Gulf of Mexico over the next few years as a result of the NTL could likely result in increased demand for salvage contractors and equipment, resulting in increased estimates of plugging, abandonment and removal costs and increases in related asset retirement obligations.

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Item 5. Other Information

On August 2, 2010, the Company approved grants pursuant to the Incentive Compensation Plan. The Forms of the Executive Annual Incentive Award Agreement and the Executive Restricted Stock Unit Agreement that govern such grants are filed as Exhibits 10.5 and 10.6, respectively, to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits to this report are listed in the Exhibit Index appearing on page 35 hereof.

EXHIBIT INDEX

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
2.1	Purchase and Sale Agreement between Total E&P USA, Inc. and W&T Offshore, Inc., effective January 1, 2010. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed May 3, 2010)
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of W&T Offshore, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 24, 2006)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of W&T Offshore, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed May 3, 2004 (File No. 333-115103))
10.1	W&T Offshore, Inc. Amended and Restated Incentive Compensation Plan. (Incorporated by reference from Appendix A to the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, filed April 2, 2010)
10.2	Resignation Agreement dated as of July 1, 2010 between W. Reid Lea and W&T Offshore, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed July 8, 2010)
10.3	Form of Employment Agreement for Jamie L. Vazquez, John D. Gibbons and Stephen L. Schroeder. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed August 6, 2010)
10.4	Employment Agreement for Tracy W. Krohn. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on November 5, 2010)
10.5*	Form of the Executive Annual Incentive Award Agreement for Fiscal Year 2010.
10.6*	Form of the Executive Restricted Stock Unit Agreement.
31.1*	Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
31.2*	Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
32.1*	Section 906 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

* Filed or furnished herewith.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC.
AMENDED AND RESTATED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLAN

Executive Annual Incentive Award Agreement
For Fiscal Year 2010

This potential Annual Incentive Award (the "*Award*") is granted on August 3, 2010 (the "*Award Date*"), by W&T Offshore, Inc., a Texas corporation (the "*Company*") to you ("*Awardee*" or "*you*").

WHEREAS, the Company in order to induce you to enter into and to continue and dedicate service to the Company and to materially contribute to the success of the Company agrees to grant you this Award;

WHEREAS, this Award is granted to you pursuant to the W&T Offshore, Inc. Amended and Restated Incentive Compensation Plan, as may be amended from time to time (the "*Plan*"), and the following terms and conditions of this agreement (the "*Agreement*") for the Company's 2010 fiscal year;

WHEREAS, a copy of the Plan has been furnished to you and shall be deemed a part of this Agreement as if fully set forth herein; and

WHEREAS, you desire to accept the Award made pursuant to this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of and mutual covenants set forth herein and for other valuable consideration hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

1. Terms and Conditions. The Award is subject to all the terms and conditions of the Plan. All capitalized terms not defined in this Agreement shall have the meaning stated in the Plan. If there is any inconsistency between the terms of this Agreement and the terms of the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall control unless this Agreement expressly states that an exception to the Plan is being made.

2. Definitions. For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings stated below.

(a) "**Base Salary**" means your annual pay rate in effect at the end of the Performance Period, (i) including any amounts deferred pursuant to an election under any 401(k) plan, pre-tax premium plan, deferred compensation plan, or flexible spending account sponsored by the Company or any Subsidiary, but (ii) *excluding* any incentive compensation, employee benefit, or other cash benefit paid or provided under any incentive, bonus or employee benefit plan sponsored by the Company or any Subsidiary, and/or any excellence award, gains upon stock option exercises, restricted stock grants or vesting, moving or travel expense reimbursement, imputed income, or tax gross-ups, without regard to whether the payment or gain is taxable income to you.

(b) "**Disability**" means your permanent disability as defined in your Individual Agreement. In the event that there is no existing written Individual Agreement between you and

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the Company or if any such agreement does not define Disability, the term "**Disability**" shall mean: (i) a physical or mental impairment of sufficient severity that, in the opinion of the Company, (A) you are unable to continue performing the duties assigned to you prior to such impairment or (B) your condition entitles you to disability benefits under any insurance or employee benefit plan of the Company or its Subsidiaries, and (ii) the impairment or condition is cited by the Company as the reason for your termination; *provided, however*, that in all cases, the term Disability shall be applied and interpreted in compliance with section 409A of the Code and the regulations thereunder.

(c) "**Individual Agreement**" means any employment or severance agreement, if any, between you and the Company or any Subsidiary.

(d) "**Performance Goals**" means the performance criteria established by the Committee pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan and set forth in Appendix A attached hereto.

(e) "**Performance Period**" means the Company's complete fiscal year ending December 31, 2010.

(f) "**Total Performance Score**" means the aggregate number of points you are assigned as a result of the Committee's review, analysis and certification of the achievement of the applicable Performance Goals set forth in Appendix A attached hereto for the Performance Period.

3. Effect of Award Agreement. By signing this Agreement, you (a) acknowledge receipt of and represent that you have read and are familiar with this Agreement; (b) accept this Award subject to all of the terms and conditions of the Agreement and the Plan; and (c) agree to accept as binding, conclusive and final all decisions or interpretations of the Committee.

4. Target Award. You are hereby awarded a target Award of _____% of your Base Salary (referred to herein as your "**Target Award**") subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Plan and this Agreement. Subject to Sections 5 and 8 below, your Total Performance Score will determine whether you may receive an Award less than, equal to, or greater than your Target Award.

5. Minimum and Maximum Performance Levels. As a condition of payment of the Award, your Total Performance Score must reach 50 or above; Total Performance Scores of 0 through 49.99 (Below Threshold) shall not result in the payment of any portion of your Award. The maximum Total Performance Score you may be assigned shall not exceed 200, nor may the payout of your Award exceed 200% of your Target Award amount.

6. Award Calculation. Your Award will be calculated as follows:

(a) Based on your Total Performance Score, the payout amount of your Award will be determined using the chart below:

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<u>Performance Level</u>	<u>Total Performance Score</u>	<u>Percentage of Target Award Paid to You</u>
Maximum	200	200%
Target	100	100%
Threshold	50	50%
Below Threshold	0	0%

(b) General Terms.

(i) Payout multiples between the numbers 50 and 200 on the chart in Section 6(a) above will be calculated using straight-line interpolation.

(ii) Any Award that is earned will be paid in cash as soon as practicable after the Committee has certified the applicable Performance Goals were achieved for the Performance Period, but in no event later than the seventy-fifth (75th) day following the date the Performance Period ends.

(iii) If you are on a leave of absence during the Performance Period, or you were not employed during the entire Performance Period for any other reason, any Award received by you shall be prorated based solely on the number of days during the Performance Period that you actually worked divided by the number of days in the Performance Period.

(iv) You must be employed or newly eligible by September 30 within the Performance Period in order to be eligible to participate in the Plan for the Performance Period.

7. Effect of Termination of Employment. Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary below in the remainder of this Section 7, in the event of any inconsistency between this Section 7 and any written Individual Agreement you may have, the terms of such an Individual Agreement will control. In the event you do not have an Individual Agreement or your Individual Agreement does not address the treatment of Annual Incentive Awards under the Plan, if your employment is terminated at any time on or after the Award Date and before the Award is paid, your Award will be treated as follows:

(a) Death or Disability. If your termination of employment is a result of your death or Disability, as determined by the Company in its sole and complete discretion, you will receive a pro-rata Award, if an Award is payable for the Performance Period, calculated based on the number of days during the Performance Period that you were employed with the Company divided by the number of days in the Performance Period (the "**Pro-Rata Award**"). You, your beneficiaries, or your estate, as applicable, will be paid in cash as soon as practicable after the date of your termination of employment following the Committee's review, analysis and certification of all applicable items necessary to calculate your pro-rata Award, but in no event later than the seventy-fifth (75th) day following the date of your termination of employment; *provided, however*, that you must have been actively employed with the Company for a

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minimum of 90 days during the Performance Period in order to be eligible for a Pro-Rata Award described in this Section 7(a).

(b) Terminations other than Death or Disability. Unless your termination of employment is a result of your death or Disability, you must be actively employed by the Company or a Subsidiary on the date Awards are paid in order to be eligible to receive payment of an Award. You have no vested interest to the Award prior to the Award actually being paid to you by the Company. If your employment with the Company or a Subsidiary terminates for any reason other than your death or Disability, whether your termination is voluntary or involuntary, with or without cause, you will not be eligible to receive payment of any Award for the Performance Period.

8. Right of the Committee. The Committee has the right to reduce or eliminate your Award for any reason regardless of the amount of your Total Performance Score achieved.

9. Right of the Company and Subsidiaries to Terminate Services. Nothing in this Agreement confers upon you the right to continue in the employ of the Company or any Subsidiary, or interfere in any way with the rights of the Company or any Subsidiary to terminate your employment at any time, with or without cause.

10. Withholding Taxes. The Company may require you to pay to the Company (or the Company's Subsidiary if you are an employee of a Subsidiary of the Company), an amount the Company deems necessary to satisfy its (or its Subsidiary's) current or future obligation to withhold federal, state or local income or other taxes that you incur as a result of the Award. With respect to any such required tax withholding, the Company shall withhold from the payment to be issued to you under this Agreement the amount necessary to satisfy the Company's obligation to withhold taxes.

11. Furnish Information. You agree to furnish to the Company all information requested by the Company to enable it to comply with any reporting or other requirements imposed upon the Company by or under any applicable statute or regulation.

12. No Liability for Good Faith Determinations. The Company, the Committee and the members of the Board shall not be liable for any act, omission or determination taken or made in good faith with respect to this Agreement or the Award granted hereunder.

13. Execution of Receipts and Releases. Any payment of cash to you, or to your legal representative, heir, legatee or distributee, in accordance with the provisions hereof, shall, to the extent thereof, be in full satisfaction of all claims of such Persons hereunder. The Company may require you or your legal representative, heir, legatee or distributee, as a condition precedent to such payment, to execute a release and receipt therefor in such form as the Company shall determine.

14. Notice. All notices required or permitted under this Agreement must be in writing and personally delivered or sent by mail and shall be deemed to be delivered on the date on which it is actually received by the person to whom it is properly addressed or if earlier the date it is sent via certified United States mail.

Executive:

15. Waiver of Notice. Any person entitled to notice hereunder may waive such notice in writing.

16. Information Confidential. As partial consideration for the granting of the Award hereunder, you hereby agree to keep confidential all information and knowledge, except that which has been disclosed in any public filings required by law, that you have relating to the terms and conditions of this Agreement; *provided, however*, that such information may be disclosed as required by law and may be given in confidence to your spouse and tax and financial advisors. In the event any breach of this promise comes to the attention of the Company, it shall take into consideration that breach in determining whether to recommend the grant of any future similar award to you, as a factor weighing against the advisability of granting any such future award to you.

17. Nontransferability. Neither this Agreement nor this Award subject to this Agreement shall be subject in any manner to anticipation, alienation, sale, exchange, transfer, assignment, pledge, encumbrance or garnishment by your creditors or your beneficiary, except transfer by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. All rights with respect to the Agreement shall be exercisable during your lifetime only by yourself or, if necessary, your guardian or legal representative.

18. Successors. This Agreement shall be binding upon you, your legal representatives, heirs, legatees and distributees, and upon the Company, its successors and assigns.

19. Severability. If any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal or invalid for any reason, the illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions hereof, but such provision shall be fully severable and this Agreement shall be construed and enforced as if the illegal or invalid provision had never been included herein.

20. Amendment. The Committee may amend this Agreement at any time; *provided, however*, that no such amendment may adversely affect your rights under this Agreement without your consent, except to the extent such amendment is reasonably determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, to be necessary to comply with applicable law or to prevent a detrimental accounting impact. No amendment or addition to this Agreement shall be effective unless in writing.

21. Headings. The titles and headings of Sections are included for convenience of reference only and are not to be considered in construction of the provisions hereof.

22. Governing Law. All questions arising with respect to the provisions of this Agreement shall be determined by application of the laws of Texas, without giving any effect to any conflict of law provisions thereof, except to the extent Texas state law is preempted by federal law.

23. Consent to Texas Jurisdiction and Venue. You hereby consent and agree that state courts located in Harris County, Texas and the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas each shall have personal jurisdiction and proper venue with respect to any dispute between you and the Company arising in connection with the Award or this Agreement.

Executive:

In any dispute with the Company, you will not raise, and you hereby expressly waive, any objection or defense to any such jurisdiction as an inconvenient forum.

24. The Plan. This Agreement is subject to all the terms, conditions, limitations and restrictions contained in the Plan.

[Signature Page to Follow]

Executive:

You must sign this Agreement and return it to W&T Offshore, Inc.'s Manager of Human Resources on or before [Date], or the potential Award will be forfeited.

Awardee's Social Security Number

Awardee Signature

Date

[Company Representative and Title]

Date

Executive:

Appendix A

Performance Goals

The Performance Goals for your 2010 Annual Incentive Award shall be comprised of two equal portions: the “Business Criteria” and the “Company and Individual Performance Criteria.” The Business Criteria will comprise 50% of your potential Award, and the Company and Individual Performance Criteria will comprise the remaining 50% of your potential Award.

Your Total Performance Score will be calculated using the criteria and the scales below. The Committee shall review, analyze and certify the achievement of each of the criterion below, either for the Company or yourself, as applicable, and shall determine your Total Performance Score according to the aggregate number of points you receive from each of the scales below.

Part 1. Business Criteria

Target Criteria	Percentage of Weight Relative to your Total Potential Award	Points
Production Growth: 2010 equivalent production greater than 110% of 2009 equivalent production (94.8 Bcfe times 110%)	15%	0-30
Reserve Growth: Increase in 2010 reserves over 2009 reserves greater than 125% of 2009 equivalent production (94.8 Bcfe times 125%)	15%	0-30
F&D Costs: not to exceed 2009 DD&A per Mcfe at year end 2009	10%	0-20
LOE and G&A: 2010 LOE and G&A per Mcfe of production no more than a 5% increase in LOE and G&A per Mcfe of production, measured against 2009 LOE and G&A per Mcfe of production	10%	0-20
<i>Total</i>	50%	100

The number of points you receive on each individual scale shall be determined as follows, using a straight-line interpolation:

(a) Production Growth – Percentage of 2009 Production (being 94.8 Bcfe)

Performance Level	Points
Maximum: greater than 120% growth	30
Target: greater than 110% growth	15

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Threshold: greater than 100% growth	7.5
Below Threshold	0

(b) Reserve Growth – Percentage of 2009 Production (being 94.8 Bcfe)

Performance Level	Points
Maximum: greater than 150% growth	30
Target: greater than 125% growth	15
Threshold: greater than 110% growth	7.5
Below Threshold	0

(c) F&D Costs: for 2010 not to exceed our 2009 DD&A per Mcfe at year end 2009. “F&D” is defined as the total capital dollars spent in 2010 plus changes in ARO; divided by proved reserves added for the year 2010.

Performance Level	Points
Maximum: F&D costs must not exceed our 90% of DD&A Rate per Mcfe at year end 2009	20
Target: F&D costs must not exceed our DD&A Rate per Mcfe at year end 2009	10
Threshold: not applicable	0
Below Threshold	0

(d) LOE and G&A: 2010 LOE and G&A per Mcfe of production no more than a 5% increase in LOE and G&A per Mcfe of production, measured against 2009 LOE and G&A per Mcfe of production.

Performance Level	Points
Maximum: no increase	20
Target: No more than a 5% increase	10
Threshold: No more than 7.5% increase	5
Below Threshold	0

Part 2. Company and Individual Performance Criteria

Criteria	Percentage of Weight Relative to your Total Potential Award	Points
<i>Overall Company Performance Conditions</i>		
2010 Net Earnings Per share (diluted)	40%	0-80

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Individual Performance Conditions

Individual Performance as assessed by management for year 2010 10% 0-20

Total for Overall Company Performance Conditions and Individual Performance Conditions Combined 50% 100

The number of points you receive on each individual scale shall be determined as follows, on straight-line interpolation:

- (a) Net Earnings Per Share (diluted), being "EPS"

Performance Level	Points
Maximum: EPS greater than \$2.25/share	80
Target: EPS greater than \$1.50/share	40
Threshold: EPS greater than \$1.25/share	20
Below Threshold	0

- (b) Individual Performance in 2010, assessed by management

Performance Level	Points
Maximum – Far Exceeded Expectations	20
Target – Exceeded Expectations	10
Threshold – Met expectations	5
Below Threshold	0

Executive:

W&T OFFSHORE, INC.
AMENDED AND RESTATED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLAN
EXECUTIVE RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT

This Agreement is made and entered into as of August 3, 2010 (the "**Date of Grant**") by and between W&T Offshore, Inc., a Texas corporation (the "**Company**") and you;

WHEREAS, the Company in order to induce you to enter into and to continue and dedicate service to the Company and to materially contribute to the success of the Company agrees to grant you this restricted stock unit award;

WHEREAS, the Company adopted the W&T Offshore, Inc. Amended and Restated Incentive Compensation Plan, as it may be amended from time to time (the "**Plan**") under which the Company is authorized to grant stock-based awards to certain employees and service providers of the Company;

WHEREAS, a copy of the Plan has been furnished to you and shall be deemed a part of this restricted stock unit award agreement ("**Agreement**") as if fully set forth herein and the terms capitalized but not defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the Plan;

WHEREAS, the Company adopted the W&T Offshore, Inc. Stock Ownership and Retention Policy, as it may be amended from time to time (the "**Policy**") under which the Company has established various stock ownership and retention requirements;

WHEREAS, a copy of the Policy has been furnished to you and, as this Award (as defined below) shall be subject to the terms and conditions of the Policy, shall be deemed a part of this Agreement as if fully set forth herein; and

WHEREAS, you desire to accept the restricted stock unit award made pursuant to this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of and mutual covenants set forth herein and for other valuable consideration hereinafter set forth, the parties agree as follows:

1. **The Grant**. Subject to the conditions set forth below and the adjustment provisions of Section 3(b), the Company hereby grants to you effective as of the Date of Grant, as a matter of separate inducement but not in lieu of any salary or other compensation for your services for the Company, an award (the "**Award**") consisting of _____ shares of restricted stock units in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth herein and in the Plan (the "**Restricted Stock Units**"), along with any additional rights related to the Restricted Stock Unit as described in Section 2 of this Agreement.

2. **Dividend Equivalents**. As of the Date of Grant above, this grant of Restricted Stock Units also includes a tandem grant of a Dividend Equivalent with respect to each share of Restricted Stock Units granted to you pursuant to Section 1 of this Agreement; *provided, however*, that you shall not receive Dividend Equivalents for any distributions made with respect to a share of Stock prior to the satisfaction of the Performance Vesting Requirement (as defined

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below). In the event that the Performance Vesting Requirement is satisfied prior to the Vesting Date, you shall receive Dividend Equivalents for any distributions made with respect to a share of Stock for the period of time between the day the attainment of the Performance Vesting Requirement occurs and the Vesting Date, taking into account that an adjustment shall be made to the number of Dividend Equivalents granted to you to reflect any adjustments made to your Restricted Stock Units pursuant to Section 3(b) below. All Dividend Equivalents granted on and after the Date of Grant shall carry identical vesting restrictions as shall be attached to the Restricted Stock Units giving rise to such Dividend Equivalents, thus, if the Performance Vesting Requirement is not satisfied, all rights to Dividend Equivalents shall immediately cease. If a tandem Restricted Stock Unit is forfeited, your tandem Dividend Equivalent with respect to such Restricted Stock Units shall automatically terminate at that time. Any Dividend Equivalent payment will be made on or promptly following the date on which the dividends are otherwise paid to the holders of Stock; *provided, however*, in no event shall the dividend payment be made later than 30 days following the date on which the Company pays such dividend to the holders of Stock.

3. Vesting Date, Adjustment, and Other Restrictions. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the Plan, the forfeiture restrictions on the Restricted Stock Units will lapse and the Restricted Stock Units will vest, subject to the Performance Vesting Requirement, on December 15th of the second calendar year following the calendar year in which the Date of Grant occurs (the "*Vesting Date*").

(a) Performance Vesting Requirement. The "*Performance Vesting Requirement*" means the achievement of the "*Performance Goals*," which are performance criteria established by the Committee pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan and set forth in Appendix A attached hereto.

(b) Adjustment Following the Satisfaction of the Performance Vesting Requirement. Immediately following the Committee's certification of the satisfaction of the Performance Vesting Requirement and the applicable level of achievement attained in connection therewith, the number of Restricted Stock Units granted to you pursuant to Section 1 of this Agreement shall be adjusted to reflect the achievement of the Performance Goals during the applicable performance period. In the event of a negative adjustment, the remaining Restricted Stock Units granted to you pursuant to Section 1 of this Agreement not eligible for vesting shall be forfeited as of the end of the performance period. The Committee shall promptly notify you of any and all adjustments made to your Restricted Stock Units pursuant to this Section 3(b).

By way of example only, the Performance Vesting Requirement adjustment described above will operate as follows: if you are granted 1,000 Restricted Stock Units on the Date of Grant, and the level of achievement of the Performance Goals during the applicable performance period is reached at a level the Company has designated as a 75% achievement level, it will only be possible for you to fully vest in 750 Restricted Stock Units on the Vesting Date and the remaining 250 Restricted Stock Units shall be forfeited as of the end of the performance period. Following the satisfaction of the Performance Vesting Requirement but prior to the Vesting Date, you will be then eligible to receive Dividend Equivalents with respect to 750 Restricted Stock Units rather than the original 1,000 Restricted Stock Units. Upon the applicable settlement

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date of your Restricted Stock Units, you will receive a settlement from the Company with respect to 750 Restricted Stock Units rather than the original 1,000 Restricted Stock Units.

(c) Other Restrictions. Subject to Section 6 of this Agreement, the restrictions on your Restricted Stock Units will expire on the Vesting Date only if you have been an employee or service provider of the Company or of a Subsidiary continuously from the Date of Grant through the Vesting Date. Other than as provided in Section 6(d) (i) below, in the event that the Performance Vesting Requirement is not satisfied, no portion of the Restricted Stock Units shall become vested. Restricted Stock Units that have become vested pursuant to this Section 3 shall be referred to herein as the “*Vested Units*.”

4. Settlement.

(a) Form of Settlement. The Committee, in its sole discretion, shall determine at the time of such settlement whether the Vested Units will be settled: (i) in a single lump sum cash payment in an amount equal to the Fair Market Value of Stock as of the date of settlement multiplied by the number of Vested Units to be settled, (ii) in shares of such Stock, or (iii) in a combination of cash and shares of Stock. Settlement of Vested Units shall be subject to and pursuant to rules and procedures established by the Committee in its sole discretion.

(b) Time of Settlement. The Vested Units shall be settled by the Company as soon as administratively feasible following the Vesting Date, but in no event shall such settlement occur later than 75 days following the Vesting Date. In the event the Restricted Stock Units become Vested Units pursuant to Section 6 below, the Company will settle the Vested Units as soon as administratively practicable following the time of vesting noted in Section 6 below, but in no event shall such settlement occur later than 75 days following the applicable vesting event.

5. Restrictions, Forfeiture and Limitations on Ownership. The shares of Restricted Stock Units are restricted in the sense that they may be forfeited to the Company prior to the time the Restricted Stock Units are deemed Vested Units. You, or your executor, administrator, heirs, or legatees shall have the right to vote any shares of Stock you may receive as settlement of the Vested Units and hold all the other privileges of a shareholder of the Company only from the date of issuance of a Stock certificate in your name representing payment of a Vested Unit in the form of a share of Stock, or the delivery of the Stock to the Company’s transfer agent, as applicable.

6. Termination of Services or Change in Control.

(a) Termination due to your Death or Disability. Following the satisfaction of the Performance Vesting Requirement, if your employment or service relationship with the Company and any of its Subsidiaries is terminated as a result of your death or Disability (as defined below), then the forfeiture restrictions on your Restricted Stock Units, subject to any adjustment pursuant to Section 3(b) above, shall automatically lapse as to the outstanding unvested shares of Restricted Stock Units, and in the case of your Disability, subject to Section 12 of this Agreement. If your employment or service relationship with the Company and any of its Subsidiaries is terminated as a result of your death or Disability prior to the satisfaction of the

Executive:

Performance Vesting Requirement, no portion of the Restricted Stock Units will become Vested Units.

For purposes of this Section 6(a), the term “**Disability**” shall have the meaning given such term in any written employment, severance or other similar individual agreement (an “**Individual Agreement**”) between you and the Company. In the event that there is no existing written Individual Agreement between you and the Company or if any such agreement does not define Disability, the term “**Disability**” shall mean: (i) a physical or mental impairment of sufficient severity that, in the opinion of the Company, (A) you are unable to continue performing the duties assigned to you prior to such impairment or (B) your condition entitles you to disability benefits under any insurance or employee benefit plan of the Company or its Subsidiaries, and (ii) the impairment or condition is cited by the Company as the reason for your termination; *provided, however*, that in all cases, the term Disability shall be applied and interpreted in compliance with section 409A of the Code and the regulations thereunder.

(b) **Termination due to your Normal Retirement.** Following the satisfaction of the Performance Vesting Requirement, if your employment or service relationship with the Company and any of its Subsidiaries is terminated as a result of your Normal Retirement prior to the Vesting Date, then the restrictions on a number of the shares of your Restricted Stock Units, subject to any adjustment pursuant to Section 3(b) above, shall automatically lapse pro-rata in relation to the amount of time you have been employed by, or in the service of, the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, as described below; *provided, however*, that such restrictions shall lapse subject to the additional provisions of Section 12 of this Agreement, if applicable. Solely for purposes of determining the number of shares which may lapse or vest pursuant to this Section 6(b), the Restricted Stock Units, as adjusted pursuant to Section 3(b) above, shall be referred to in two portions, two-thirds ($\frac{2}{3}$) of the Restricted Stock Units shall be the “**Two-Year Portion**”; the remaining and final one-third ($\frac{1}{3}$) of the Restricted Stock Units shall be the “**Three-Year Portion**.” Following a termination of your employment or service due to your Normal Retirement:

(i) restrictions will lapse on a number of Restricted Stock Units in the Two-Year Portion equal to the product of (A) two-thirds ($\frac{2}{3}$) of the total number of Restricted Stock Units granted to you, subject to any adjustment pursuant to Section 3(b) above, times (B) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of full months (counting the month in which your termination of employment occurs as a full month), beginning with the first day of the first month of the year in which the Date of Grant occurs, during which you were employed by the Company and/or any Subsidiary and the denominator of which is 24; plus

(ii) restrictions will lapse on a number of Restricted Stock Units in the Three-Year Portion equal to the product of (A) one-third ($\frac{1}{3}$) of the total number of Restricted Stock Units granted to you, subject to any adjustment pursuant to Section 3(b) above, times (B) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of full months (counting the month in which your termination of employment occurs as a full month), beginning with the first day of the first month of the year in which the Date of Grant occurs, during which you were employed by the Company and/or any Subsidiary and the denominator of which is 36.

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If your employment or service relationship with the Company and any of its Subsidiaries is terminated as a result of your Normal Retirement prior to the satisfaction of the Performance Vesting Requirement, no portion of the Restricted Stock Units will become Vested Units. For purposes of this Section 6(b), the term “**Normal Retirement**” shall have the meaning given such term in any Individual Agreement between you and the Company. In the event that there is no existing written Individual Agreement between you and the Company or if any such agreement does not define Normal Retirement, the term “**Normal Retirement**” shall mean the termination of your employment or service relationship with the Company and each of its Subsidiaries by which you are employed or provide services to due to your voluntary retirement on or after the date that you attain age 67.

(c) Termination for Any Other Reason. Subject to Sections 6(d) and 6(e) below, if your employment or service relationship with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries is terminated for any other reason other than your death, Disability or your Normal Retirement prior to the Vesting Date, then that portion, if any, of the Restricted Stock Units granted pursuant to this Agreement for which have not become Vested Units as of the date of termination shall become null and void as of the date of such termination; *provided, however*, that, subject to the Performance Vesting Requirement, the portion, if any, of your Vested Units as of the date of such termination will survive the termination of employment.

(d) Change in Control.

(i) Prior to Satisfaction of the Performance Vesting Requirement Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 3 or the remainder of this Section 6, in the event that a Change in Control is consummated prior to both the Vesting Date and the end of the applicable performance period for which the Performance Vesting Requirement relates, forfeiture restrictions on all Restricted Stock Units granted to you pursuant to Section 1 of this Agreement shall automatically lapse and the Restricted Stock Units will vest, subject further to Section 12 of this Agreement.

(ii) Following the Satisfaction of the Performance Vesting Requirement Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the remainder of this Section 6, in the event that a Change in Control is consummated prior to the Vesting Date but following the satisfaction of the Performance Vesting Requirement, forfeiture restrictions on your Restricted Stock Units, subject to any adjustment pursuant to Section 3(b) above, shall automatically lapse and such Restricted Stock Units will vest subject further to Section 12 of this Agreement. For further clarity, in the event that the Change in Control is consummated following the applicable performance period to which the Performance Vesting Requirement relates, but the Performance Vesting Requirement was not achieved during such time, no portion of the Restricted Stock Units shall become Vested Units upon a Change in Control.

(iii) Other restrictions. Nothing within this Section 6(d) is intended to modify Sections 6(a) or 6(b) above regarding the full acceleration or pro-rata acceleration, as applicable, of your Restricted Stock Units upon a termination of employment due to death, Disability or Normal Retirement. The provisions of Sections 6(a) and 6(b) shall apply to a termination of your employment or service for death, Disability or Normal Retirement, as

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applicable, whether or not such a termination of employment or service were to occur in connection with a Change in Control.

(e) Effect of Individual Agreement. Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, in the event of any inconsistency between this Section 6 and any Individual Agreement entered into by and between you and the Company, the terms of such an Individual Agreement shall control.

7. Leave of Absence. With respect to the Award, the Company may, in its sole discretion, determine that if you are on leave of absence for any reason you will be considered to still be in the employ of, or providing services for, the Company, provided that rights to the Restricted Stock Units during a leave of absence will be limited to the extent to which those rights were earned or vested when the leave of absence began.

8. Delivery of Stock. In the event the Committee determines to settle the Restricted Stock Units in the form of Company Stock, promptly following the expiration of the restrictions on the Restricted Stock Units as contemplated in Sections 3 or 6 of this Agreement, the Company shall either cause to be issued and delivered to you or your designee a certificate or other evidence of the number of Restricted Stock Units as to which restrictions have lapsed, free of any restrictive legend relating to the lapsed restrictions, or cause those number of Restricted Stock Units to be properly registered with the Company's transfer agent as appropriate, upon receipt by the Company of any tax withholding as may be requested pursuant to Section 9 of this Agreement. The value of such Restricted Stock Units shall not bear any interest owing to the passage of time.

9. Payment of Taxes. The Company may require you to pay to the Company (or the Company's Subsidiary if you are an employee of a Subsidiary of the Company), an amount the Company deems necessary to satisfy its (or its Subsidiary's) current or future obligation to withhold federal, state or local income or other taxes that you incur as a result of the Award. With respect to any such required tax withholding, the Company will withhold from the cash payment or the shares of Stock to be issued to you under this Agreement, as applicable, the cash amount or the number of shares necessary to satisfy the Company's obligation to withhold taxes; where the Restricted Stock Units will be settled in shares of Stock, such a determination will be based on the shares' Fair Market Value at the time such determination is made. In the event the Restricted Stock Units are settled in shares of Stock, and Company determines that the aggregate Fair Market Value of the shares of Stock withheld as payment of any tax withholding obligation is insufficient to discharge that tax withholding obligation, then you must pay to the Company, in cash, the amount of that deficiency immediately upon the Company's request.

10. Compliance with Securities Law. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, in the event the Restricted Stock Units are settled in shares of Stock, the issuance of Stock will be subject to compliance with all applicable requirements of federal, state, or foreign law with respect to such securities and with the requirements of any stock exchange or market system upon which the Stock may then be listed. No Stock will be issued hereunder if such issuance would constitute a violation of any applicable federal, state, or foreign securities laws or other law or regulations or the requirements of any stock exchange or market system upon which the Stock may then be listed. In addition, Stock will not be issued hereunder

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unless (a) a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “*Act*”), is at the time of issuance in effect with respect to the shares issued or (b) in the opinion of legal counsel to the Company, the shares issued may be issued in accordance with the terms of an applicable exemption from the registration requirements of the Act. The inability of the Company to obtain from any regulatory body having jurisdiction the authority, if any, deemed by the Company’s legal counsel to be necessary to the lawful issuance and sale of any shares subject to the Award will relieve the Company of any liability in respect of the failure to issue such shares as to which such requisite authority has not been obtained. As a condition to any issuance hereunder, the Company may require you to satisfy any qualifications that may be necessary or appropriate to evidence compliance with any applicable law or regulation and to make any representation or warranty with respect to such compliance as may be requested by the Company. From time to time, the Board and appropriate officers of the Company are authorized to take the actions necessary and appropriate to file required documents with governmental authorities, stock exchanges, and other appropriate Persons to make shares of Stock available for issuance.

11. Right of the Company and Subsidiaries to Terminate Employment or Services. Nothing in this Agreement confers upon you the right to continue in the employ of or performing services for the Company or any Subsidiary, or interfere in any way with the rights of the Company or any Subsidiary to terminate your employment or service relationship at any time, with or without cause.

12. Non-Compete Agreements. The Company, in its sole discretion, may require you to execute a separate non-compete, non-solicitation, or similar agreement in connection with the grant of the Restricted Stock Units pursuant to this Agreement or in connection with the acceleration of the Restricted Stock Units in accordance with the provisions of Section 6 of this Agreement.

13. Furnish Information. You agree to furnish to the Company all information requested by the Company to enable it to comply with any reporting or other requirements imposed upon the Company by or under any applicable statute or regulation.

14. Remedies. The parties to this Agreement shall be entitled to recover from each other reasonable attorneys’ fees incurred in connection with the successful enforcement of the terms and provisions of this Agreement whether by an action to enforce specific performance or for damages for its breach or otherwise.

15. No Liability for Good Faith Determinations. The Company, the Committee and the members of the Board shall not be liable for any act, omission or determination taken or made in good faith with respect to this Agreement or the Restricted Stock Units granted hereunder.

16. Execution of Receipts and Releases. Any payment of cash or any issuance or transfer of shares of Stock or other property to you, or to your legal representative, heir, legatee or distributee, in accordance with the provisions hereof, shall, to the extent thereof, be in full satisfaction of all claims of such Persons hereunder. The Company may require you or your legal

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representative, heir, legatee or distributee, as a condition precedent to such payment or issuance, to execute a release and receipt therefor in such form as the Company shall determine.

17. No Guarantee of Interests. The Company, the members of the Committee and the Board do not guarantee the Stock of the Company from loss or depreciation.

18. Notice. All notices required or permitted under this Agreement must be in writing and personally delivered or sent by mail and shall be deemed to be delivered on the date on which it is actually received by the person to whom it is properly addressed or if earlier the date it is sent via certified United States mail.

19. Waiver of Notice. Any person entitled to notice hereunder may waive such notice in writing.

20. Information Confidential. As partial consideration for the granting of the Award hereunder, you hereby agree to keep confidential all information and knowledge, except that which has been disclosed in any public filings required by law, that you have relating to the terms and conditions of this Agreement; *provided, however,* that such information may be disclosed as required by law and may be given in confidence to your spouse and tax and financial advisors. In the event any breach of this promise comes to the attention of the Company, it shall take into consideration that breach in determining whether to recommend the grant of any future similar award to you, as a factor weighing against the advisability of granting any such future award to you.

21. Successors. This Agreement shall be binding upon you, your legal representatives, heirs, legatees and distributees, and upon the Company, its successors and assigns, including, but not limited to, any successor entity resulting from a Change in Control.

22. Severability. If any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal or invalid for any reason, the illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions hereof, but such provision shall be fully severable and this Agreement shall be construed and enforced as if the illegal or invalid provision had never been included herein.

23. Company Action. Any action required of the Company shall be by authority of the Board or by a person or entity authorized to act by the Board.

24. Headings. The titles and headings of Sections are included for convenience of reference only and are not to be considered in construction of the provisions hereof.

25. Governing Law. All questions arising with respect to the provisions of this Agreement shall be determined by application of the laws of Texas, without giving any effect to any conflict of law provisions thereof, except to the extent Texas state law is preempted by federal law. The obligation of the Company to sell and deliver Stock hereunder is subject to applicable laws and to the approval of any governmental authority required in connection with the authorization, issuance, sale, or delivery of such Stock.

26. Consent to Texas Jurisdiction and Venue. You hereby consent and agree that state courts located in Harris County, Texas and the United States District Court for the Southern

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District of Texas each shall have personal jurisdiction and proper venue with respect to any dispute between you and the Company arising in connection with the Award or this Agreement. In any dispute with the Company, you will not raise, and you hereby expressly waive, any objection or defense to any such jurisdiction as an inconvenient forum.

27. Amendment. This Agreement may be amended the Board or by the Committee at any time (a) if the Board or the Committee determines, in its sole discretion, that amendment is necessary or advisable in light of any addition to or change in any federal or state, tax or securities law or other law or regulation, which change occurs after the Date of Grant and by its terms applies to the Award; or (b) other than in the circumstances described in clause (a) or provided in the Plan, with your consent.

28. Transfer. This Agreement and the Restricted Stock Units granted hereunder will not be transferable by you other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, or as otherwise provided by the Plan.

29. The Plan. This Agreement is subject to all the terms, conditions, limitations and restrictions contained in the Plan.

30. The Policy. This Agreement and this Award is subject to all the terms, conditions, limitations and restrictions contained within the Policy.

W&T OFFSHORE, INC.

By: _____
President

GRANTEE

Signature

Executive:

Appendix A

Performance Goals

The Performance Goals for your Restricted Stock Units shall be comprised of the business criterion noted below. Your Restricted Stock Units will become Vested Units on the Vesting Date, subject to the achievement of at least a Level 4 and up to a Level 1 Performance Level (defined below) for the applicable performance period noted. The Committee shall review, analyze and certify the achievement of the Performance Level for the applicable performance period and shall determine whether your Restricted Stock Units have vested on the Vesting Date, in accordance with the Agreement and the terms of the Plan. For vesting purposes, the Performance Level achieved for the applicable performance period shall be deemed achieved effective as of the last day of the applicable performance period, despite any delay that may occur in determining which Performance Level is met during the Committee's certification process.

Business Criteria

<u>Criteria</u>	<u>Percentage of Restricted Stock Units Subject to Performance Criteria</u>	<u>Performance Period for Achieving Performance Goals</u>
Average Earnings Per Share (Undiluted), being "EPS," for the Performance Period	100%	The full calendar year, from January 1 to December 31, in which the Date of Grant occurs

<u>Performance Level</u>	<u>Scale</u>
Level 1: EPS > \$1.25 per share	100%
Level 2: EPS > \$1.00 per share	75%
Level 3: EPS >\$0.75 per share	50%
Level 4: EPS >\$0.50 per share	25%
Level 5: EPS = \$0.50 per share or below	0%

Executive:

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Tracy W. Krohn, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of W&T Offshore, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2010

/s/ TRACY W. KROHN

Tracy W. Krohn
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, John D. Gibbons, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of W&T Offshore, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2010

/s/ JOHN D. GIBBONS

John D. Gibbons
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and
Chief Accounting Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, each of the undersigned officers of W&T Offshore, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to the best of his knowledge, that the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2010 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and that information contained in such Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2010

/s/ TRACY W. KROHN

Tracy W. Krohn
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 5, 2010

/s/ JOHN D. GIBBONS

John D. Gibbons
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and
Chief Accounting Officer